# <u>Planning Statement – Land at Squirrel Cottage Chapel Row, Rowrah,</u> <u>Frizington</u>

Proposal: Residential development consisting of a single dwelling



Mr & Mrs M Watson
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#### 1.0 Introduction

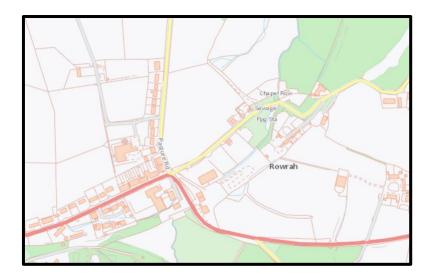
- 1.1 This planning statement has been prepared on behalf of the applicant in support of a planning application for a single new dwelling.
- 1.2 The application is submitted in outline with all matters reserved. The purpose of this statement is to set out the planning case in support of the development, and it should be read in conjunction with the plans submitted.
- 1.3 Section 2 of this Statement will set out the site's context, Section 3 covers the proposed development, Section 4 relates to the planning history of the site and surroundings, Section 5 will set out the planning policy context against which the application must be considered and undertakes a planning assessment of the proposed development and section 6 will draw together the conclusions.

## 2.0 The Site

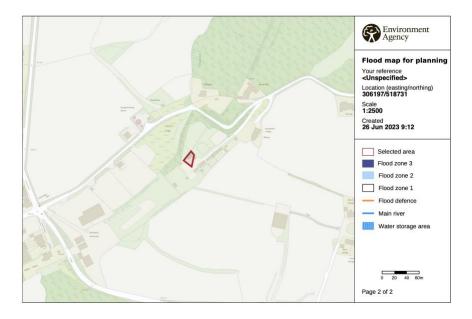
- 2.1 The application relates to a site within the land and buildings associated with Squirrel Cottage, Rowrah. The application site adjoins a holiday lodge to the northeast (which is part of the farmyard), surfaced yard/access area to the south and east, and further land and building owned by the applicant to the west.
- Outside of the landowners site, the dwellings on Chapel Row are to the north and east, the High Leys residential development is further to the south east and west is commercial development, consisting of the Ennerdale Brewery Tap and Bistro, Birketts Fencing and Bogmats, and the base for a commercial coach business.
- 2.2 The site is in use as a farm type smallholding, for which the applicant is currently building up as a business. They have additional land to the north of Chapel Row for farming, and a caravan on the application site. The topography of the land falls towards the north and west of this site due to the positioning of former railway lines in the area, and it is contained by hedgerows and post and wire fences to most of the farm boundaries.
- 2.3 The application site is located close to the Arlecdon/Rowrah settlement boundary (220m away) and is therefore close to the local amenities in the villages consisting of the Primary School, church, playpark, village hall, sports pitches and a pub and a restaurant. Whitehaven is the Main Service Centre in the Borough as detailed in the Copeland Local Plan and is 5 miles to the west of the site.
- 2.4 The A5086 which runs through Copeland can be joined 250m from the site and provides easy access to both the A595 to Sellafield and Whitehaven and continues north towards Cockermouth, and Cleator Moor to the west. The A595 links to the A66, 5 miles north of the site which connects to Penrith and Junction 40 of the M6 to the east.
- 2.5 In summary therefore, the site is situated near a long-established residential area that is within reach of a range of facilities that the Borough can offer.
- 2.6 There are no Conservation Areas, Listed Buildings or Tree Preservation Order's on or directly adjacent to the site as detailed on the Copeland GIS map below:







2.7 The site is located in an area that the Environment Agency Flood Map for Planning has noted as Flood Zone 1, and as such have a low probability of flooding. A watercourse is noted as running to the north and west of the site. A copy of the Environment Agency's Flood Map is included below.



## 3.0 The Proposed Development

- 3.1 The application is an outline planning submission for a proposed new dwelling on the site.
- 3.2 The proposed dwelling would utilise the existing access to Squirrel Cototage from Chapel Row, which is the road between Rowrah and the A5086, which currently serves a number of residential dwellings along the road, a couple of business uses consisting of the Ennerdale Brewery Tap and Bistro, Pickthalls Coach hire yard, and also Birketts Fencing and Bogmats.
- 3.3 While the application is only in outline, the proposed scale of the development is a single additional dwelling on the site, in a location currently occupied by a caravan.





- 3.4 The layout of the proposed development would likely take a similar build form to the existing caravan on the site on the site, and also the holiday cabin on the site, having front and rear elevations to the south and north respectively, with garden land to the north and parking and turning area to the south nearer to the access and facing into the farm yard area.
- 3.5 The proposed dwellings will have similar characteristics as the adjacent properties on Chapel Row, in terms of scale and footprint on the site.
- 3.6 The application site is considered well related to other buildings and is not an isolated development. It adjoins other development either in relation to the farm, the commercial development or other residential dwellings. It is well connected to the road network, well connected to the village of Rowrah, and it is considered that the development of the site in the proposed form is possible without having any adverse impact on residential amenity to the surrounding properties.

## 4.0 Planning history

- 4.1 The following planning applications are all recent submissions at the site:
  - 4/17/2226/0F1 Temporary consent for transportable log home Land near the Willows, Chapel Row, Rowrah – Withdrawn
  - 4/20/2081/0F1 retention of existing buildings and change of use of parcel of agricultural land to menage (retrospective) – Land adjacent to The Willows, Rowrah -Approved
  - 4/20/2329/0F1– The material change of use of land for the siting of a residential caravan (retrospective) – Land at The Willows, Rowrah – Approved
  - 4/20/2358/0F1 change of use of land for the siting of one holiday lodge Land at The Willows, Chapel Row, Rowrah -- Approved

# 5.0 Planning Policy and its application to the proposed development

- 5.1 Planning law requires that applications for planning permission must be determined in accordance with the Development Plan unless material considerations indicate otherwise.
- 5.2 The Local Development Plan consists of policies within the Core Strategy and Development Management Policies DPD (December 2013). The policies in the following paragraphs are considered relevant to the proposed development.
- The Local Plan sets out a long-term spatial vision and strategic objectives to support Copeland's vision which is "Working to improve lives, communities and the prosperity of Copeland". Although it was adopted before the updated NPPF (2021) it was adopted after the first NPPF that was published in March 2012 and therefore closely follows the principles of sustainable development, as defined by national policy and delivering sustainable housing in accordance with that policy.





## **Strategic Policies**

- 5.4 **Policy ST1** of the core strategy sets out the fundamental principles that will achieve sustainable development. Amongst other things it seeks to ensure that development created a residential offer which meets the needs and aspirations of the Boroughs housing markers and aims to focus housing on previously developed land rather than greenfield sites.
- 5.5 **Policy ST2** sets a spatial development strategy whereby development should be guided to the Principal settlement and other service centres to help sustain services and facilities.
- 5.6 The above are the strategic policies with particular relevance to residential housing sites.
- 5.7 **Policy SS1** seeks to improve the housing offer of the borough by, amongst other things, by allowing housing sites to meet local needs in locations attractive to house builders and enhancing the general surrounding residential environment of the borough.
- 5.8 With regards to the above, it is noted that the site is within the vicinity of a number of residential properties on Chapel Row, in the village of Rowrah with is a Local Service Centre.

The Council has previously acknowledged that there is a need to identify sites that: -

- Met the needs of the Local Plan and the NPPF (2012);
- Provided sustainable development;
- Help to meet the needs of Copeland and provide a sound basis for economic growth.

It is considered that that site meets the above, given the location on the edge of a recognised village, adjoining other residential properties and being a desirable location for new residential development of an appropriate scale.

- 5.9 **Policy SS3** requires housing development proposals to demonstrate how the proposal helps to deliver a range and choice of good quality and affordable homes for everyone. This is assessed by how well a proposal meets the identified needs and aspirations of the Borough's individual Housing Market Areas as set out in the Strategic Housing Market Assessment (SHMA). The aim of the policy is therefore to: -
  - Create a more balanced mix of housing types and tenure within that market area, in line with the evidence provided in the SHMA;
  - Include a proportion of affordable housing which makes the maximum contribution (consistent with maintaining the viability of the development) to meeting identified needs in that market area.
- 5.10 **Policy ENV1** sets out an approach to ensure that new build development is not prejudiced by flood risk, by permitting new build on sites outside areas at risk of flooding, and ensuring that new development does not contribute to increased surface water run-off through measures such as Sustainable Drainage Systems.
- 5.11 The proposed development is located within Flood Zone 1 which the Environment Agency (EA) define as an area having less than 0.1% annual risk of flooding and is therefore at the lowest risk of flooding.





- 5.12 **Policy ENV3** seek to ensure that new development will protect and enhance biodiversity and geodiversity.
- 5.13 There are no designations or information available which suggests that the site is subject to any biodiversity interest.
- 5.14 **Policy ENV5** relates to the protection and enhancement of the Boroughs landscapes. It seeks to ensure that landscapes are protected from inappropriate change through unsympathetic development.
- 5.15 It is considered that the proposed development, being of small scale, adjoining existing dwellings and other buildings, and being on the site of an existing residential caravan, is not an inappropriate change to the landscape.

## **Development Management Policies**

## <u>Design</u>

- 5.16 **Policy DM10** states the Council will expect high standard of design and the fostering of 'quality places' and development proposals will be required to: -
  - Respond positively to the character of the site and the immediate and wider setting and enhance local distinctiveness through an appropriate size and arrangement of development plots, the appropriate scale and massing of houses;
  - Incorporate existing features of interest including local vernacular styles and building materials;
  - Address vulnerability to and fear of crime and anti-social behaviour by ensuring that the design, location and layout of all new development creates clear distinctions between public and private spaces, overlooked routes and spaces within and on the edges of development;
  - Create and maintain reasonable standards of general amenity.
- 5.17 It is considered that the above principles have been taken into account in the indicative layout of the proposed development, and the location site itself. The proposed dwelling on the layout plan is considered appropriate in form and location, and also the size is at an appropriate scale for the site and context of the adjacent dwellings and buildings, albeit as an outline application at this stage.

## **Residential Amenity**

- 5.18 **Policy DM12** requires new build residential properties to have: -
  - a separation distance of at least 21 metres between directly facing elevations of dwellings containing windows of habitable rooms
  - a separation of at least 12 metres between directly facing elevations of dwellings containing windows of habitable rooms and a gable or windowless elevation
- 5.19 It is noted that the layout confirms that the proposed dwelling would as detailed meet all of the above separation distances in relation to the adjacent property outside of the site.





## **Drainage and Flood Risk**

- 5.20 **Policy DM24** states where a proposed development is likely to be at risk from flooding or increases risk of flooding elsewhere, a Flood Risk Assessment (FRA) will be required to be submitted as part of the planning application. Development will not be permitted where it is found that there is an unacceptable risk of flooding; or the development would increase the risk of flooding elsewhere.
- 5.21 As mentioned above, the development area is located within a Flood Zone 1 in which the NPPF recognises that all uses types are therefore appropriate including residential new build.

## **Access and Transport**

- 5.22 **Policy DM12** requires housing development to provide a car parking provision in accordance with adopted residential parking standards. Cumbria Highways have provided a Cumbria Development Design Guide but there are no adopted parking standards. The guidance provides a suggested level of parking for housing development.
- 5.23 The size of the proposed site can accommodate sufficient parking for the proposed dwelling. It is therefore considered that the proposed layout meets this criterion of Policy DM12.
- 5.24 **Policy DM22** requires development proposals to be accessible to all users by providing convenient access into and through the site for pedestrians, cyclists and disabled people, access for emergency and service vehicles, meeting adopted car parking standards which reflect the needs of the Borough in its rural context. Where necessary the potential transport implications of development will be required to be supported by a Transport Assessment and a Travel Plan to manage any significant transport implications.
- 5.25 The proposed development provides a safe, functional and inclusive access allowing good sustainability to the facilities in Rowrah/Arlecdon and allow sustainable transport links across the wider Borough. Rowrah is connected to the wider area by two bus routes, between Frizington and Cockermouth, and Frizington and Workington. The proposal therefore meets the aims of local plan policies DM12 and DM22.

# **Ecology and Trees**

- 5.26 **Policy DM25** states that all development proposals should protect the biodiversity value of land and buildings minimise fragmentation of habitats. As the entire site already includes grass land, an access road and a residential caravan, it is considered that the biodiversity value of the site will not change.
- 5.27 **Policy DM28** requires development proposals which are likely to affect any trees within the Borough will be required to include an arboriculture assessment as to whether any of those trees are worthy of retention and protection by means of a Tree Preservation Order. No trees will be removed on the site for the development to take place.





# Principle – National Planning Policy Framework ("NPPF") (as revised July 2021)

- 5.28 The purpose of the planning system is to contribute to the achievement of sustainable development. The NPPF states that sustainable development has three objectives social, economic and environmental listed within Paragraph 8.
- 5.29 The social and economic are as follows:
  - "a) **an economic objective** to help build a strong, responsive and competitive economy, by ensuring that sufficient land of the right types is available in the right places and at the right time to support growth, innovation and improved productivity; and by identifying and coordinating the provision of infrastructure;
  - b) a social objective to support strong, vibrant and healthy communities, by ensuring that a sufficient number and range of homes can be provided to meet the needs of present and future generations; and by fostering a well-designed and safe built environment, with accessible services and open spaces that reflect current and future needs and support communities' health, social and cultural well-being. "

It is noted in the above that a central aim of the NPPF is to ensure that the right type of land is available in the right areas, to ensure that the correct housing is available to meet the needs of present generations.

5.30 Paragraph 11 covers the issue of the application of the presumption in favour of sustainable development.

#### "For **decision-taking** this means:

Where there are no relevant development plan policies, or the policies which are most important for determining the application are out-of-date, granting permission unless:

The application of policies in this Framework that protect areas or assets of particular importance provides a clear reason for refusing the development proposed; or

Any adverse impacts of doing so would significantly and demonstrably outweigh the benefits, when assessed against the policies in this Framework taken as a whole."

Paragraph 104 is regarding promoting sustainable transport, which is relevant to this proposal. "Opportunities to promote walking, cycling and public transport use are identified and pursued." This continues in paragraph 103 stating "The planning system should actively manage patterns of growth in support of these objectives. Significant development should be focused on locations which are or can be made sustainable, through limiting the need to travel and offering a genuine choice of transport modes. This can help to reduce congestion and emissions and improve air quality and public health. However, opportunities to maximise sustainable transport solutions will vary between urban and rural areas, and this should be taken into account in both plan-making and decision-making." As previously noted, this site is located on the edge of a sustainable settlement in the borough, within an existing group of buildings. Rowrah/Arlecdon benefits from services such as a school, church, pub, Village Hall, employment sites and Post Office. In addition, the site is within 250m of a bus stop





- which provides services to Frizington, Workington and Cockermouth meaning that residents in this location can sustainably travel across the Borough.
- Paragraph 80 is regarding the development of isolated homes in the countryside, and how planning policies and decisions should avoid this, with certain exceptions. However, on the basis of the information provided within this statement, it is considered that this is not an isolated development. There are existing structures on the site and next to another dwelling, so therefore is not isolated in the site context. Outside of the site it is only 200m away from the settlement boundary of the Copeland Local Plan for Rowrah. Finally, it is 250m from the north/south bus stops that will provide sustainable transport to all major nearby settlements, including Whitehaven and Workington.
- 5.33 Paragraph 79 states: 'to promote sustainable development in rural areas, housing should be located where it will enhance or maintain the vitality of rural communities. Planning policies should identify opportunities for villages to grow and thrive, especially where this will support local services. Where there are groups of smaller settlements, development in one village may support services in a village nearby.'
- 5.34 The above again enhances the case as to why this is a suitable site for a dwelling. A new dwelling in this location helps to enhance and maintain the vitality of the community in Rowrah and Arlecdon. While technically being two separate villages, they are joined together, and overall form a highly sustainable location in terms of the settlement hierarchy within Copeland. The plot is even adjacent to some significant employment sites, in terms of the Local Centre level of settlements.

## Copeland Borough Council Housing Land Supply Position Statement

5.35 In the Council's recent Housing Land Supply Position Statement, it states Copeland can now demonstrate a five-year housing land supply. However, this also states that Policy ST2 of the Copeland Local Plan 2013-2028 in so far as relating to development boundaries (Parts B and C) is out of date. This is on the basis that to meet the identified need for residential development outlined in the SHMA, development is required beyond the existing defined settlement boundaries. As such, in respect of decision making the provisions of Paragraph 11 of the NPPF are engaged.

On this basis the provisions of the presumption in favour of sustainable development outlined in Paragraph 11 of the national planning policy framework must be applied.

Rowrah is defined in the Copeland Local Plan 2013 - 2028 as a Local Service Centre where development should be focussed, reflecting its scale and function as a significant settlement in the Borough. It is also proposed to retain this status in the future Local Plan currently being prepared. On this basis it is difficult to consider any planning argument that does not consider this site to be sustainable in terms of the guidance set out within the NPPF.





## 6.0 Conclusion

- 6.1 The proposed development provides the opportunity for a single dwelling on a site that is considered suitable for residential use.
- 6.2 The proposed development can be sensitively designed to take into account the site characteristics, surroundings, wider location and the existing site at reserved matters stage.
- 6.3 It is considered that any impact on anyone outside of the site has been minimised by the proposed location within the site.
- 6.4 There is already a residential caravan on the site in the proposed location.
- 6.5 It is contended therefore that the proposed development is acceptable and is in accordance with both national and local planning policy, and therefore should be approved.

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