					TARLED	1a . IIISTIEI	CATION OF SOURCE	E CONCENTRATIONS	
				Source	e Concentrati		LATION OF SOURC	E CONCENTRATIONS	
MODELLED	Individual	Compound	Media	mg/l (lea	chate), mg/kg	(soil)			Justifications
RECEPTOR	Source Area	Compound	media	Most Likely	Minimum	Maximum	Distribution Used	Input contaminant value	Size of Source Area
	1								
								US95 of all concentrations	Large distribution of copper leachate exceedences across site so encorporated all exceedences and all area in
		Copper (big source)	Soil leachate	0.034	-	-	single	within determined source area	between exceedences to be conservative. No exceedences in water samples.
	2								Small separate source to the western side of south pond. This is considered separate to the main area of
	_						.,		copper contamination, but CONSIM will consider the cumulative risk when assessing the risk to Sandwith
		Copper (mini source)	Soil leachate	-	0.021	0.17	uniform	only two exceedences	Beck. No exceedences in water samples.
	3	Lead	Soil leachate	0.023	-	-	single	only one exceedence	Small area drawn around single leachate exceedence (A109). No exceedence in water samples.
	4	Selenium	Soil leachate	0.013			single	only one exceedence	Only a single leachate exceedence (A109). However one exceedence in water sample (BH702), so encorporated this in source zone to be conservative
		Selenium	Sui leaurate	0.013			sargie		·
	5	Vanadium	Soil leachate	0.024			single	US95 of all concentrations within determined source area	Four leachate exceedences across site so encorporated all exceedences and all area in between exceedences to be conservative. No exceedences in water samples.
	6						_		·
		Barium	Soil leachate	0.757	-	-	single	only one exceedence	Small area drawn around single leachate exceedence (A117). No exceedence in water samples.
	7	Arsenic	Soil leachate	0.15	-	-	single	only one exceedence	Small area drawn around single leachate exceedence (A111). No exceedence in water samples.
	8	Chromium	Soil leachate	0.598			single	only one exceedence	Small area drawn around single leachate exceedence (TP511, old data set 0.598mg/l @0.3m). No exceedence in water samples.
		Cilidillatii	Sui leaurate	0.386			single	Unity one exceedence	exceedence in water samples.
	9							US95 of all concentrations	Only a single leachate exceedence (TP511, old data set 0.109mg/L @0.3m). However four exceedences in
		Zinc	Soil leachate	0.016	-	-	single	within determined source area	water samples, so encorporated these in source zone to be conservative
	10	Anionic Surfactant	Soil leachate	0.771	-	-	single	US95 of all concentrations within determined source area	Three exceedences in leachate samples. However, a number of samples could not be analysed for surfactant due to the clay nature of the sample. In order to be conservative, the entire area was considered to be in
	11	- 0 - V-1	Call Involves	0.034			-11-		Only a single leachate exceedence (A117 @3.2m). However two soil samples also exceedenced (A117 and
Beck	12	m & p Xylene	Soil leachate	0.034	-	-	single	only one exceedence	BH702), so encorporated BH702 into source zone to be conservative
B E		o Xylene	Soil leachate	0.03	-	-	single	only one exceedence	Small area drawn around single leachate (and soil) exceedence (A117). No exceedence in water samples.
Sandwith	13	Fluoranthene	Soil leachate	0.002	-	-	single	only one exceedence	Small area drawn around single leachate exceedence (A113). No exceedence in water samples.
Sar	14	Naphthalene	Soil leachate	0.015	-	_	single	only one exceedence	Small area drawn around single leachate (and soil) (A117). No exceedence in water samples.
	15								
		Toluene (mg/kg)	Soil	0.387	-	-	single	only one exceedence	Small area drawn around single soil exceedence (A117). No exceedence in water samples
	16	Ethylbenzene (mg/kg)	Soil	1.274	-	-	single	only one exceedence	Small area drawn around single soil exceedence (A117). No exceedence in water samples
	17	1.2.4-Trimethylbenzene (mg/kg)	Soil	8.82	-	-	single	only one exceedence	Small area drawn around single soil exceedence (A117). No exceedence in water samples
	18	1.3.5-Trimethylbenzene							
		(mg/kg)	Soil	2.42	-	-	single	only one exceedence	Small area drawn around single soil exceedence (A117). No exceedence in water samples Unity one sample returned TPH in the leachate sample (A117@3.2m), this was in exceedence of the Tier 1
									value. Only one groundwater sample detected TPH (BH712), this was in exceedence of the Tier 1 values. However, the TPH detected in the water sample at BH712 was not detected in the leachate of a soil sample.
									from taken at the water table. This meant that a degree of caution was placed on the value of the TPH
		TPH (Aliphatics and Aromatics C5-C35)	Soil leachate	0.813			single	only one exceedence	leachate results received from the laboratory. Therefore, in order to be conservative, the source zone for TPH contamination was widened to encorporate the area containing the waters exceedence also.
		TPH (>EC6-7) aromatic	Soil leachate	0.017	-	-		see TPH total above	see TPH total above
		TPH (>EC8-10) aromatic	Soil leachate	0.14	-	-	single		
	19	TPH (>EC10-12) aromatic	Soil leachate	0.074		-	single		
		TPH (>EC12-16) aromatic	Soil leachate	0.096	-	-	single		
		TPH (>EC16-21) aromatic	Soil leachate	0.075		-	single		
1	1	TPH (>EC21-35) aromatic	Soil leachate	0.053	-	-	single		
I	1	TPH (>EC8-10) aliphatic	Soil leachate	0.05	-	-	single		
1	1	TPH (>EC10-12) aliphatic	Soil leachate	0.05	-	<u> </u>	single		
1	1	TPH (>EC12-16) aliphatic TPH (>EC16-21) aliphatic	Soil leachate Soil leachate	0.04	-	-	single		
1	1	TPH (>EC16-21) aiipnatic TPH (>EC21-35) aliphatic	Soil leachate	0.152	-	<u> </u>	single		
1	1	(»EO2 1-30) aiiphalic	Son leachate	0.000	-	<u> </u>	single		Only a single groundwater exceedence (BH702). However one exceedence in soil leachate (A109), so
	20	Selenium	groundwater	0.034	-	-	single	only one exceedence	encorporated this in source zone to be conservative
	21	Anionic Surfactant	groundwater	0.326	_		single	US95 of all concentrations within determined source area	Two exceedences found in groundwater. However, due to the large number of leachate samples that were in exceedence, the entire area was encoporated as the groundwater source area.
- 0	1	Amonic Sunaciani	groundwater	0.320	-		single	within determined source area	ольевыетье, ите втиге атей was епсорогатей ав тие groundwater source area.
50 m Compliance Point within Deep Groundwater	22								
hin [dwa				1					Small area drawn around single leachate exceedence (TP511, old data set 0.598mg/l @0.3m). No
i will		Chromium	Soil leachate groundwater	0.598 0.047	-	-	single	only one exceedence	exceedence in water samples.
E 00 P	23	TPH (>EC12-16) aliphatic TPH (>EC16-21) aliphatic	groundwater	0.047	-	-			
10 d		TPH (>EC21-35) aliphatic	groundwater	0.067		-	single	only one exceedence	Small area drawn around single groundwater exceedence (BH712)

					TABLE	F D1b - JUS	TIFICATION OF SOL	JRCE DIMENSIONS
	1		Source Area (m2)	1	IADL	L D 10 - 000	III IOATION OF COL	Source Thickness (m)
MODELLED	Individual	Compound	Source Area (III)					1
RECEPTOR	Source Area	остроини	Defined on Plan	Most Likely	Min	Max	Distribution Used	Comment
	1	Copper (big source)	17000	-	0.2	5	Uniform	source zone specific- Depth range representing the most significant zone of soil contamination. If it was not possible to prove that contamination did not extend to depth then the conservative assumption was made that all the made ground was contaminated.
	2	Copper (mini source)	500	-	0.2	5	Uniform	refer to comment for Copper (large source)
	3	Lead	400	-	0.2	5	Uniform	refer to comment for Copper (large source)
	4	Selenium	3200	-	0.2	5	Uniform	refer to comment for Copper (large source) refer to comment for Copper (large source)
	5	Vanadium	13000 225	-	0.2	5 5	Uniform	refer to comment for Copper (large source) refer to comment for Copper (large source)
	6	Barium Arsenic	100		0.2	3.2	Uniform Uniform	Arsenic not detected in deeper sample taken from 3.2m in same trial pit (A117)
	8	Chromium	100	-	0.2	5	Uniform	refer to comment for Copper (large source)
	9	Zinc	18000	-	0.2	5	Uniform	refer to comment for Copper (large source)
	10	Anionic Surfactant	40000	-	0.2	5	Uniform	refer to comment for Copper (large source)
	11	m & p Xvlene	1800	-	0.2	5	Uniform	refer to comment for Copper (large source)
	12	o Xylene	100	-	0.2	5	Uniform	refer to comment for Copper (large source)
	13	Fluoranthene	100	-	0.2	5	Uniform	refer to comment for Copper (large source)
	14	Naphthalene	100	-	0.2	5	Uniform	refer to comment for Copper (large source)
	15	Toluene	100		0.2	5	Uniform	refer to comment for Copper (large source)
	16	Ethylbenzene	100		0.2	5	Uniform	refer to comment for Copper (large source)
- ×	17	1.2.4-Trimethylbenzene	100		0.2	5	Uniform	refer to comment for Copper (large source)
&		,		-				
ŧ	18	1.3.5-Trimethylbenzene	100	-	0.2	5	Uniform	refer to comment for Copper (large source)
Sandwith Beck		TPH (Aliphatics and Aromatics C5-C35)	4500	-	0.2	7.8	Uniform	Contamination proved to depth of 7.8m, at water table
		TPH (>EC6-7) aromatic	4500	-	0.2	7.8	Uniform	Contamination proved to depth of 7.8m, at water table
		TPH (>EC8-10) aromatic	4500	-	0.2	7.8	Uniform	Contamination proved to depth of 7.8m, at water table
		TPH (>EC10-12) aromatic	4500	-	0.2	7.8	Uniform	Contamination proved to depth of 7.8m. at water table
		TPH (>EC12-16) aromatic	4500	-	0.2	7.8	Uniform	Contamination proved to depth of 7.8m, at water table
		TPH (>EC16-21) aromatic	4500	_	0.2	7.8	Uniform	Contamination proved to depth of 7.8m. at water table
	19							
		TPH (>EC21-35) aromatic	4500	-	0.2	7.8	Uniform	Contamination proved to depth of 7.8m, at water table
		TPH (>EC8-10) aliphatic	4500	-	0.2	7.8	Uniform	Contamination proved to depth of 7.8m, at water table
		TPH (>EC10-12) aliphatic	4500	-	0.2	7.8	Uniform	Contamination proved to depth of 7.8m, at water table
		TPH (>EC12-16) aliphatic	4500	-	0.2	7.8	Uniform	Contamination proved to depth of 7.8m, at water table
1	1	TPH (>EC16-21) aliphatic	4500	-	0.2	7.8	Uniform	Contamination proved to depth of 7.8m, at water table
	1	TPH (>EC21-35) aliphatic	4500	-	0.2	7.8	Uniform	Contamination proved to depth of 7.8m, at water table
	20	Selenium	3200		0.2	5	Uniform	refer to comment for Copper (large source)
	21	Anionic Surfactant	40000	-	0.2	5	Uniform	refer to comment for Copper (large source)
	21	Anionic Surfactant	40000	-	0.2	5	Unitorm	reier to comment for Copper (large source)
Compliance Point Deep Groundwater	22	Chromium	100	-	0.2	5	Uniform	refer to comment for Copper (large source)
ర్థి దీ		TPH (>EC12-16) aliphatic	100	7	-	-		Assumed entire evaporite sequence is saturarted. Utilised data from closeby well (BH101) screened within evaporite sequence
50m 6 within	23	TPH (>EC16-21) aliphatic	100	7		-	Uniform	Assumed entire evaporite sequence is saturarted. Utilised data from closeby well (BH101) screened within evaporite sequence
∞ ₹	23	TPH (>EC16-21) aliphatic TPH (>EC21-35) aliphatic	100	7		<u> </u>	Graidilli	Assumed entire evaporite sequence is saturarted. Utilised data from closeby well (BH101) screened within evaporite sequence
	1	IPH (>EUZ I-35) aliphatic	100	/		-	1	поэтите и енте в угротие осущение по зациганет. Отност чата потгабоверу went (ВПТОТ) screened within evaponite sequence

44319943-Rhodia Whitehaven Plot C

			Table D2:	Soil and gro	undwater pathway r	nodel parameters
		P	arameter V	alue		
Zone	Parameter (units)	Most Likely	Min	Max	Distribution Used	Comment
	Total Organic Carbon (%)	0.482	0.07	1.52	Triangular	Average laboratory value taken from 8 soil samples collected between 0.2 and 2m bgl.
	Fraction of organic carbon	0.00482	0.0007	0.0152	Singular	fraction of organic carbon (1/100 of TOC value)
Source Zone - For risks to Sandwith Beck and Deep Groundwater	Infiltration rate (mm/year)		54	241	Uniform	Based on impervious hardstanding and building structures, as well as the low permeability drift cover. Assumed to vary between 2 and 5% of long-term (1970-2000) average rainfall of approximately 1070mm (estimated from Meterological Office UK Rainfall Maps, retrieved via the internet).
Deep Groundwater	Air filled porosity (fraction)	-	0.1	0.15	Uniform	Adopted range of likely air filled porosities for clay dominated Made Ground. Assumed sandy clay from CONSIM manual.
	Water filled porosity (fraction)	-	0.15	0.35	Uniform	Adopted range of likely water filled porosities for clay dominated Made Ground. Assumed sandy clay from CONSIM manual.
	Dry bulk density (g/cm ³)	-	1.7	2.15	Uniform	Adopted range for Clay dominated Made Ground and Glacial Boulder Clay deposits. Assumed weathered glacial till and silt from CONSIM manual.

Note * Due to low permeability of geological strata beneath site, removal of remaining hard standing may not necessarily result in a significant increase in infiltration to the underlying aquifer; Surface run-off is likely to direct the majority of rainwater towards the drainage ponds.

		1	Table D2:	Soil and gro	undwater pathway n	nodel parameters
			Parameter V	alue		
Zone	Parameter (units)	Most Likely	Min	Max	Distribution Used	Comment
	Thickness (m) for risks to Sandwith Beck	0		-	Single	Source zone specific-Minimal thickness applied so that ConSim remains stable and insignificant attenuation is simulated. Soil contamination extends to groundwater table.
	Thickness (m) for risks to Deep Groundwater	2.5	-	-	Single	Source zone specific- An unsaturated zone of approximately 2.5m from the base of the source to the deep groundwater, allowing some attenuation to occur.
	Dry bulk density (g/cm3)		1.7	2.45	Uniform	Adopted range for weathered and unweathered Glacial Till from CONSIM manual.
Unsaturated Zone- For risks to Sandwith Beck and	Hydraulic conductivity (m/s)	- 1	1.08E-08	1.74E-07	Uniform	Unsaturated permeability values taken to be 1/10 th of calculated permeability derived from rising head tests.
Deep Groundwater	Air filled porosity (fraction)	- 1	0.1	0.15	Uniform	Adopted range of likely air filled porosities for clay dominated Made Ground. Assumed sand clay from CONSIM manual.
	Water filled porosity (fraction)	,	0.15	0.35	Uniform	Adopted range of likely water filled porosities for clay dominated Made Ground. Assumed sandy clay from CONSIM manual.
	Vertical dispersivity (m)	0.001	-	-	Single	Assumed value of 1/10 th of the unsaturated zone travel distance.
	Total Organic Carbon (Percentage)	0.28	0.17	1	Triangular	Adopted range for Glacial Till and Boulder Clay from CONSIM manual
	Fraction of organic carbon	0.0028	0.0017	0.01	Triangular	fraction of organic carbon (1/100 of TOC value)

			Table D2:	Soil and gro	undwater pathway r	nodel parameters
			Parameter V	alue		
Zone	Parameter (units)	Most Likely	Min	Max	Distribution Used	Comment
	Hydraulic conductivity		4.005.07	4 745 00	Uniform	Calculated permeability values derived from rising head test data from August 2006.
	(m/s) Hydraulic gradient	0.011736	1.08E-07	1.74E-06	Single	Interpreted from on-site groundwater contour plot.
	Effective porosity (fraction)	-	0.05	0.25	Uniform	Adopted range of porosities for silt and more granular zones of Glacial Boulder Clay. With range of parameters defined in CONSIM manual.
	Aquifer Bulk Density (g/cm ³)	-	1.7	2.45	Uniform	Adopted range for weathered and unweathered Glacial Till from CONSIM manual.
	Fraction of organic carbon	0.0028	0.0017	0.01	Triangular	Adopted range for Glacial Till and Boulder Clay from CONSIM manual
Groundwater- For risks to Sandwith Beck	Groundwater flow direction (degrees)	180		1	Single	Inferred groundwater flow direction based on measured groundwater elevations. (ConSim requirement). A southward flow from Plot C into Sandwith Beck
	Longitudinal Dispersivity (m)	refer to below	-	1	refer to below	see below
	Lateral Dispersivity (m)	refer to below	-	-	refer to below	see below
	Saturated Aquifer Thickness (m)	-	4.18	5.85	Uniform	Assumed to represent the shallow weathered Glacial Till deposits. Used deepest groundw strike (2.72mbgl) and shallowest estimate to bedrock (6.9m) to calculate a minimum thickness of 4.18m. Used shallowest groundwater strike (1.75mbgl) and deepest estimate bedrock (7.6m) to calculate a maximum estimated thickness of 5.85m (based on site investigation findings).
	Retarded Travel in UZ		YES			1
1-41 D	Retarded Travel in Aguifer		YES		It is considered likely	y that retardation will occur
Active Processes	Biodegredation in UZ		YES			•
	Blodegredation in Aquifer		YES		It is considered likely	y that biodegradation will occur, effectiving the organic contamination only.

			Table D2:	: Soil and gro	undwater pathway r	model parameters
		P	arameter V	/alue	1	
Zone	Parameter (units)	Most Likely	Min	Max	Distribution Used	Comment
	Hydraulic conductivity (m/s)	1.00E-05	_	-	Single	Estimated permeability values based on data from borehole hydraulic conductivity determinations from environmental pressure measurements over 50m length (REF: The Quarterly Journal of Engineering Geology, Volume 29, Supplement 1, May 1996.)
	Hydraulic gradient	0.025	-	-	Single	Interpreted from on-site groundwater contour plot.
	Effective porosity (fraction)	-	0.137	0.174	Uniform	Estimated porosity values for Magnesian Limestone based on data from REF: The Physical Properties of major aquifers in England and Wales, Hydrogeology Group Technical Report WD/97/34, Environment Agency R&D Publication 8.
Craumdurator For viele to Doon	Aquifer Bulk Density (g/cm ³)	_	1.74	2.79	Uniform	Adopted range for limestone from CONSIM manual.
Groundwater- For risks to Deep Groundwater	Fraction of organic carbon	0.0001	-	-	Single	Adopted estimation from CONSIM manual, estimated to be low in foc content
	Groundwater flow direction (degrees)	180	-	-	Single	Inferred groundwater flow direction based on measured groundwater elevations. (ConSim requirement). A southward flow to a compliance point 50m away
	Longitudinal Dispersivity (m)	refer to below	-	-	refer to below	see below
	Lateral Dispersivity (m)	refer to below	-	-	refer to below	see below
	Saturated Aquifer Thickness (m)	8	-	-	Single	Assumed to represent the Evaporite Sequence. Groundwater strike at BH712C(7mbgl) and estimate to depth to base of Evaporite Sequence bedrock (15m) to calculate a thickness of 8m.
	Retarded Travel in UZ		YES			
Active Processes	Retarded Travel in Aquifer		YES		It is considered likel	y that retardation will occur
	Biodegredation in UZ Blodegredation in Aquifer		YES YES		It is considered likely	y that biodegradation will occur, effectiving the organic contamination only.

			T-I-I- DO	0-111	
		1	Table D2:	Soil and gro	undwater pathway model parameters
Zone	Parameter (units)	Distance to Receptor (m)*	Longitudinal Dispersivity (m)**	Lateral Dispersivity (m)***	Comment
	Copper (large source)	170	17	5.7	*Distance to receptor (m): This is the distance from the closest point of the source area to the receptor
	Copper (mini source)	90	9	3.0	
	Lead	280	28	9.3	
	Selenium	130	13	4.3	
	Vanadium	200	20	6.7	
	Barium	250	25	8.3	1
	Arsenic	250	25	8.3	1
	Chromium	250	25	8.3	**Longitudinal Dispersivity (m): Assumed 1/10th travel distance to receptor (this is the minimum distance between
	Zinc	90	9	3.0	closest part of contaminant source and identified receptor) as defined in ConSim manual. This is different for each
	Anionic Surfactant	90	9	3.0	individual contaminant.
Pathway to Sandwith Beck	m & p Xylene	90	9	3.0	1
	o Xylene	250	25	8.3	1
	Fluoranthene	250	25	8.3	1
	Naphthalene	250	25	8.3	***Lateral Dispersivity (m):Assumed 1/3rd longitudinal dispersivity: defined in ConSim manual. 1/3 of each
	Toluene	250	25	8.3	individual compounds longitudinal dispersivity.
	Ethylbenzene	250	25	8.3	
	1.2.4-Trimethylbenzene	250	25	8.3	
	1.3.5-Trimethylbenzene	250	25	8.3	
	TPH	250	25	8.3	1
Pathway to Deep Groundwater	Chromium	50	5	1.7	1
Compliance Point	TPH	50	5	1.7	1

Table D3 Physical-Chemical and Half Life Parameters

Analytical	Contaminant	Partition Coefficient,	Ref.	Maximum Solubility	Ref.	Henry's Law Constant, H	Ref.		Half-life (ye	ars)	
Suite	Contaminant	K _{oc} or K _d (ml/g)	č	(mg/l)	ч	(unitless)	'n	Most Likely	Minimum	Maximum	Ref.
	Copper	3.50E+01	С	1.00E-02	f	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	Lead	9.95E+01	С	5.00E-02	f	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
<u>s</u>	Selenium	4.99E+00	С	9.00E+00	f	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Heavy Metals	Vanadium	1.00E+03	С	2.00E-01	f	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Heavy	Barium	4.09E+01	С	1.40E-01	f	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	Arsenic	2.00E+02	а	1.40E-01	f	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	Chromium	1.81E+01	С	1.70E+01	f	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	Zinc	3.60E+01	С	1.00E-02	f	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	m & p Xylene	4.48E+02	i	1.60E+02	i	2.82E-01	i	0.55	0.14	1.37	L
tes	o Xylene	4.24E+02	i	1.73E+02	i	2.16E-01	i	0.55	0.14	1.37	L
ya k	Fluoranthene	1.07E+05	i	2.60E-01	i	4.20E-04	i	19.0	9.5	28.5	h
<u> </u>	Naphthalene	1.29E+03	i	3.10E+01	ï	1.75E-02	i	0.82	0.27	2.74	L
l å	Anionic Surfactant	2.65E+02	m	1.00E+05	k	6.70E-04	0	19	9.5	28.5	h
8	Toluene	1.40E+02	i	5.35E+02	i	0.221	i	0.55	0.14	0.82	L
Selected other analytes	Ethylbenzene	4.32E+02	i	1.69E+02	i	0.273	i	0.55	0.14	2.19	L
Se	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	1.35E+03	d	5.70E+01	d	0.252	b	19	9.5	28.5	h
	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	1.35E+03	d	5.00E+01	d	0.241	b	19	9.5	28.5	h
	AROMATIC										
	TPH (>EC6-7) aromatic	8.91E+02	d	2.16E+02	d	2.00E+00	d	1.9	1.0	2.8	h
	TPH (>EC8-10) aromatic	1.58E+03	d	6.50E+01	d	4.80E-01	d	3.8	1.9	5.7	h
	TPH (>EC10-12) aromatic	2.51E+03	d	2.50E+01	d	1.40E-01	d	9.5	4.8	14.3	h
	TPH (>EC12-16) aromatic	5.01E+03	d	5.80E+00	d	5.30E-02	d	19.0	9.5	28.5	h
_	TPH (>EC16-21) aromatic	1.58E+04	d	6.50E-01	d	1.30E-02	d	38.1	19.0	57.1	h
臣	TPH (>EC21-35) aromatic	1.26E+05	d	6.60E-04	d	6.70E-04	d	75.0	37.5	112.5	h
	ALIPHATIC										
	TPH (>EC8-10) aliphatic	3.16E+04	d	4.30E+01	d	8.00E+01	d	1.9	1.0	2.8	h
	TPH (>EC10-12) aliphatic	2.51E+05	d	3.40E-02	d	1.20E+02	d	1.9	1.0	2.8	h
	TPH (>EC12-16) aliphatic	5.01E+06	d	7.60E-04	d	5.20E+02	d	1.9	1.0	2.8	h
	TPH (>EC16-21) aliphatic	6.31E+08	d	2.50E-06	d	4.90E+03	d	9.5	4.8	14.3	h
	TPH (>EC21-35) aliphatic	7.59E+09	d	8.91E-08	d	2.00E+04	d	19.0	9.5	28.5	h

Note:

All heavy metals are K_d, all other contaminants are K_{oc}

n/a Not applicable (metals do not volatilise or degrade). No value was found for half life of Anionic Surfactant, so in order to be conservative, it was assumed that this substance does not degrade

Literature Sources:

- a USEPA. 1996. Technical Background Document for Soil Screening Guidance Review Draft.
- b Mackay, D.,Wan-Ying, S., Kuo-Ching, M. 1997. Illustrated Handbook of Physical-Chemical Properties and Environmental Fate for Organic Chemicals.
- c Dragun, J. 1988. The Soil Chemistry of hazardous materials. Haz. Mat. Res. Inst.
- d TPH Criteria Working Group, Fate and Transport Technical Action Group. 1997. Selection of Representative TPH Fractions Based on Fate and Transport Considerations.
- f Hem, J.D. 1989. Study and Interpretation of the Chemical Characteristics of Natural Water. USGS Water Supply Paper 2254. US Government Printing Office, Washington DC.
- h URS derived conservative degradtion rates. Environment Agency (2003). Review of the Fate and Transport of Selected Contaminants in the Soil Environment, Draft Technical Report P5-079/TR1.
- values used in modelling (Appendix B)
- k Inchem.org website
- Environment Agency (2002) The effects of contaminant concentration on the potential for natural attenuation. R&D Technical Report P2-228/TR m Lowest value derived form internet search: Koc range 264.7 120,600 www.heraproject.com for Sodium Lauryl Sulphate
- o In the absence of a published value, assumed lowest value of heavy end hydrocarbons in order to be conservative (lower values provide a higher calculated concentration, and hence a greater risk)

			Tier 1			Maximum Simulated Concentrations at Receptor (Sandwith Beck)	
MODELLED RECEPTOR	Individual Source Area	Individual Compounds (Soil and Leachate Concentrations)	Waters Screening Criteria (ug/l)	Source	SIMULATED TIME TO EXCEED DWS	50th PERCENTILE (Years)	95th PERCENTILE (Years)
	1	Copper (large source)	10		5000	IR	10.1
	2	Copper (mini source)	10		IR .	IR	IR
	3	Lead	10		IR .	IR	IR
	4	Selenium	10	UK DWS (2000)	IR .	IR	IR
	5	Vanadium	20		IR .	IR	IR
		Barium	700	WHO DWG	IR	IR	IR
	7	Arsenic	50		IR	IR	IR
	8	Chromium	20		IR .	IR	IR
	9	Zinc	75		IR	IR	B
	10	Anionic Surfactant	200	UK DWS (2000)	15000	IR	300.2
	11	m & p Xylene	30		IR	IR	IR
	12	o Xylene	30		IR	IR	IR
Ď	13	Fluoranthene	0.2	UK DWS (2000)	IR	IR	IR
an an	14	Naphthalene	10	****	IR	IR	IR
활	15	Toluene	50		IR	IR	IR
Sandwith Beck	16	Ethylbenzene	300	WHO DWG	IR	IR	IR
8	17	1.2.4-Trimethylbenzene	12	USEPA Region 9 (pathway specific)	IR	IR	IR
	18	1.3.5-Trimethylbenzene	12	USEPA Region 9 (pathway specific)	IR	IR	IR
		TPH (>EC6-7) aromatic	10	UK DWS (2000)	IR .	IR	IR
	1	TPH (>EC8-10) aromatic	10	UK DWS (2000)	IR	IR	IR
	1	TPH (>EC10-12) aromatic	10	UK DWS (2000)	IR	IR	IR
	1	TPH (>EC12-16) aromatic	10	UK DWS (2000)	IR	IR	IR
		TPH (>EC16-21) aromatic	10	UK DWS (2000)	IR	IR	IR
		TPH (>EC21-35) aromatic	10	UK DWS (2000)	IR	IR	IR

- IR Insignificant risks calculated

 UK Freshwater EOS Surface Waters (Dangerous Substances) (Classification) Regulations 1997 No 2550 (Water Resources,
 England & Water)

 UK Freshwater EOS Surface Waters (Dangerous Substances) (Salasification) Regulations 1999 No 2266 (Water Resources,
 England & Water)

 "UK Kreshwater EOS Surface Waters (Dangerous Substances) (Classification) Regulations 1999 No 306 (Water Resources,
 England & Water)

 "UK Kreshwater EOS Surface Waters (Dangerous Substances) (Classification) Regulations 1999 No 306 (Water Resources,
 England & Water)

			Tier 1			Concentrations at Recepto (Sandwith Beck)	
MODELLED RECEPTOR	Individual Source Area	Cumulative Risk of Individual Compounds (Soil and Leachate Concentrations)	Controlled Waters Screening Criteria (ug/l)	Source	SIMULATED TIME TO EXCEED DWS	50th PERCENTILE (Years)	95th PERCENTILE (Years)
A With	1+2	Copper (1)	10	**	5000	IR	15.6
Sandwith Beck	19	TPH Aliphatic and Aromatic Fractions (2)	10	UK DWS (2000)	IR	IR	IR

			Tier 1			Maximum Simulated Concentrations at Receptor	
MODELLED RECEPTOR	Individual Source Area	Individual Compounds (Groundwater Concentrations)	Controlled Waters Screening Criteria (ug/l)	Source	SIMULATED TIME TO EXCEED DWS	50th PERCENTILE (Years)	95th PERCENTILE (Years)
W W	20	Selenium	10	UK DWS (2000)	IB	IR	B
Sandwil	21	Anionic Surfactant	200	UK DWS (2000)	IR	IR	B

			Tier 1			Maximum Simulated Concentrations at Receptor	
MODELLED RECEPTOR	Individual Source Area	Individual Compounds (Groundwater Concentrations)	Controlled Waters Screening Criteria (ug/l)	Source	SIMULATED TIME TO EXCEED DWS	50th PERCENTILE (Years)	95th PERCENTILE (Years)
50m Compliance Point within Deep Groundwater	22	Chromium	20		IR	IR	IR
88.2	23	TPH Aliphatic Fractions (2)	10	UK DWS (2000)	IR	IR	R

(2) Cumulative maximum simulated concentrations at receptor for Aliphatic fractions C12-C16, C16-C21, and C21-C35