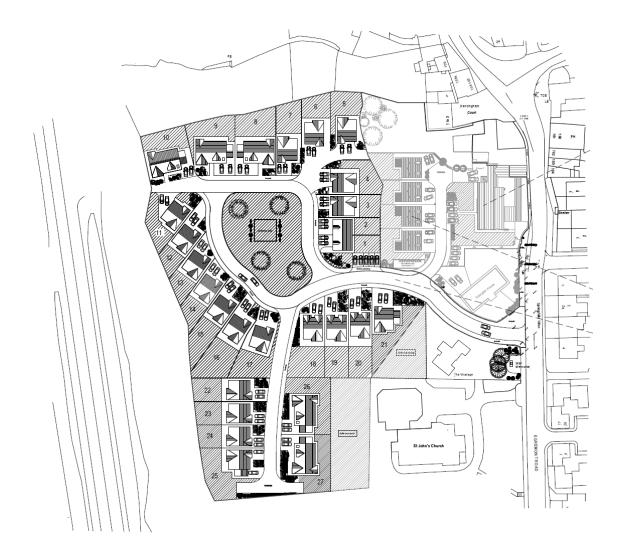


## Hensingham House, Whitehaven

## Biodiversity Net Gain Calculation





A report by Rigby Jerram For Thomas Milburn Properties Ltd 27 March 2024 Rigby Jerram Ecological Consultants

4 Bankfield Kendal Cumbria LA9 5DR

Tel & Fax: 01539 726618 e-mail: rigby@jerramecology.co.uk

## **Contents**

1.	Intro	duction	3
		nodology	
		Calculation	
		Baseline Conditions	
		Post Development Conditions	
	3.3.	Results	5
4.	Habit	tat Creation and Enhancement Specifications	6
5.	Phot	ographs	7
6	Man	s.	8



#### 1. Introduction

This report describes the methodology used to calculate the Biodiversity Net Gain arising from the proposed housing development at Hensingham House, Whitehaven. It has been commissioned by Thomas Milburn Properties Ltd, the developers.

## 2. Methodology

The Biodiversity Net Gain calculation has been made using the Statutory Biodiversity Net Gain Calculation Spreadsheet.

The development site was surveyed on 2<sup>nd</sup> February 2023, whilst the proposed off-site habitat creation site at Tarnside, Braystones was surveyed on 5<sup>th</sup> May 2023.

The information from this report and site plans was digitised in ArcGIS to allow area measurements of the habitat types present to be made for input into the Biodiversity Metric. The results of this digitisation are shown in Map 1.

Site Habitat Creation data was derived from CDL Architecture, Planning & Design's revised site layout dated March 2024, Drawing No. DS/TMP/P3/24. Vegetation types were converted for input into The Metric as shown in Table 1.

**Table 1: Post Development Habitat Types** 

Mapped Habitat	Metric Input Habitat
Buildings	Developed land: sealed surface
Garden	Vegetated garden
Neutral grassland	Other neutral grassland

#### 3. The Calculation

#### 3.1. Baseline Conditions

Table 2 shows the baseline habitat data for the development site whilst Table 3 shows the baseline data for the off-site habitat creation site at Tarnside, Braystones. There are no linear habitats (hedgerows and water courses) on site.

**Table 2: Site Habitat Baseline Data** 

Hab	Habitats and areas		Distinctiveness		Condition		Baseline	R	etention	
Broad habitat	Habitat type	Area (hectares)	Distinctiveness	Score	Condition	Score	Habitat Units	Area Retained	Area Enhanced	Units Lost
Grassland	Other neutral grassland	0.39	Medium	4	Poor	1	1.56	0.00	0.00	1.56
Heathland and shrub	Bramble scrub	1.2	Medium	4	Condition Assessment N/A	1	4.80	0.04	0.00	4.64
Urban	Vegetated garden	0.02	Low	2	Condition Assessment N/A	1	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.04



3 27 March 2024

**Table 2: Site Habitat Baseline Data** 

Hal	oitats and ar	eas	Distinctiven	ess	s Condition		Baseline Reter		etention	ention	
Broad habitat	Habitat	Area (hectares)	Distinctiveness	Score	Condition	Score	Habitat Units	Area	Area Enhanced	Units Lost	
Habitat	type	(Hectares)					Offics	Retailleu	Ellianceu	LUST	
Urban	Artificial land, unsealed surface	0.03	V. Low	0	N/A - Other	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Urban	Developed land, sealed surface	0.0016	V. Low	0	N/A - Other	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
	<b>Total Area</b>	1.64					6.40	0.04	0.00	6.24	

Table 3: Off-Site Habitat Baseline Data

		bitat Basei			Condition		Deceline	D	atantian	
	itats and a		Distinctiven	ess	Condition		Baseline Habitat		etention	
Broad habitat	Habitat type	Area (hectares)	Distinctiveness	Score	Condition	ition Score		Area Retained	Area Enhanced	Units Lost
Urban	Bare ground	0.1534	Low	2	Moderate	2	0.61	0.1534		0.00
Heathland and shrub	Bramble scrub	0.0874	Medium	4	Condition Assessment N/A	1	0.35	0.0874		0.00
Heathland and shrub	Gorse scrub	0.8039	Medium	4	Moderate	2	7.07	0.8039		0.00
Grassland	Other neutral grassland	0.8348	Medium	4	Good	3	11.02	0.8348		0.00
Lakes	Ponds (priority habitat)	0.1758	High	6	Moderate	2	2.32	0.1758		0.00
Wetland	Reedbeds	0.4358	High	6	Good	3	8.63	0.4358		0.00
Grassland	Modified grassland	1.409	Low	2	Poor	1	2.82	0.52	0.4445	0.89
Grassland	Other neutral grassland	0.2707	Medium	4	Moderate	2	2.17		0.2707	0.00
Heathland and shrub	Willow scrub	0.1914	Medium	4	Moderate	2	0.61	0.1914		0.00
Total Area 4.36							34.99	3.20	0.72	0.89

## 3.2. Post Development Conditions

Tables 4 to 6 show the habitat creation and enhancement proposed.

**Table 4: Site Habitat Creation Data** 

Broad	Proposed	Area	Distinctiveness		Condition	Habitat	
Habitat	habitat	(hectares)	Distinctiveness	Score	Condition	Score	Units Delivered
Urban	Developed land; sealed surface	0.99	V. Low	0	N/A - Other	0	0.00
Urban	Vegetated garden	0.47	Low	2	Condition Assessment N/A	1	0.91



27 March 2024

**Table 4: Site Habitat Creation Data** 

Broad	Proposed	Area	Distinctiveness		Condition		Habitat
Habitat	habitat		Distinctiveness	Score	Condition Score		Units Delivered
Grassland	Other neutral grassland	0.14	Medium	4	Moderate	2	1.03
	Total area	1.60			Total Units		1.94

**Table 5: Off-Site Habitat Creation Data** 

Broad Habitat	Proposed	Area	Distinctiven	ess	Conditi	ion	Habitat Units
broad Habitat	habitat	(hectares)	Distinctiveness	Score	Condition	Score	Delivered
Heathland and shrub	Gorse scrub	0.4445	Medium	4	Moderate	2	3.27
	Total area	0.44			Total U	nits	3.27

**Table 6: Off-Site Habitat Enhancement Data** 

Broad	Drawagad habitat	Area	Distinctiven	Conditi	ion	Habitat Units		
Habitat	Proposed habitat	(hectares)	Distinctiveness	Score	Condition	Score	Delivered	
Grassland	Other neutral grassland	0.4445	Medium	4	Moderate	2	3.03	
Wetland	Reedbeds	0.2707	High	6	Good	3	3.55	
	Total area	0.72		•	Total U	nits	6.58	

### 3.3. Results

Table 8 shows the headline results from the calculation. A net biodiversity gain of 11% is achieved by using off-site habitat creation and enhancement at Tarnside Caravan Parks.

**Table 8: Hensingham Phase 3 Headline Results** 

	Habitat units	6.40
On-site baseline	Hedgerow units	0.00
	Watercourse units	0.00
On other most intermedian	Habitat units	2.10
On-site post-intervention	Hedgerow units	0.00
(Including habitat retention, creation & enhancement)	Watercourse units	0.00
0 11 12/1	Habitat units	-67.22%
On-site net % change	Hedgerow units	0.00%
(Including habitat retention, creation & enhancement)	Watercourse units	0.00%
	Habitat units	34.99
Off-site baseline	Hedgerow units	0.00
	Watercourse units	0.00
011 11	Habitat units	42.59
Off-site post-intervention	Hedgerow units	0.00
(Including habitat retention, creation & enhancement)	Watercourse units	0.00
	Habitat units	21.71%
Off-site net % change	Hedgerow units	0.00%
	Watercourse units	0.00%
	Habitat units	3.30
Combined net unit change	Hedgerow units	0.00
(Including all on-site & off-site habitat retention, creation & enhancement)	Watercourse units	0.00



27 March 2024

**Table 8: Hensingham Phase 3 Headline Results** 

	Habitat units	1.68
Spatial risk multiplier deductions	Hedgerow units	0.00
	Watercourse units	0.00
Total not unit change	Habitat units	1.61
Total net unit change (including all on-site & off-site habitat retention, creation & enhancement)	Hedgerow units	0.00
(including all off-site & off-site habitat retention, creation & enhancement)	Watercourse units	0.00
Tabel an alternative matter when afficial annual con-	Habitat units	25.18%
Total on-site net % change plus off-site surplus (including all on-site & off-site habitat retention, creation & enhancement)	Hedgerow units	0.00%
(including all off-site & off-site habital retention, creation & enhancement)	Watercourse units	0.00%
Trading rules Satisfied?	Yes√	

### 4. Habitat Creation and Enhancement Specifications

To achieve a biodiversity net gain off-site habitat creation and enhancement is required. It is proposed that an area of land at Tarnside Caravan Park, Braystones is used for this as it is owned by the developer. At Tarnside an area of land, which is currently species-poor semi-improved grassland is to be enhanced by the introduction of native wildflowers, either in the form of plug plants, or as seed sown into scarified grassland and through the planting of gorse scrub. The proportion of enhanced grassland to scrub will be 50:50. If plant plugs are used the species should include common knapweed *Centaurea nigra*, ribwort plantain *Plantago lanceolata*, yarrow *Achillea millefolium*, bird's-foot trefoil *Lotus corniculatus*, cuckoo-flower *Cardamine pratensis*, greater burnet *Sanguisorba officinalis* and wood crane's-bill *Geranium sylvaticum*. Plants should be of Cumbrian origin and a minimum of 8,000 plugs should be planted. Native Cumbrian wildflowers can be obtained from <a href="https://www.cumbriawildflowers.co.uk/">https://www.cumbriawildflowers.co.uk/</a>. If seed is used Cumbria Wildflower's *Neutral Hay Meadow Wildflower Seeds Only* mix is recommended. To cover the 0.44ha of grassland to be enhanced 13.5kg of seed will be required.

The gorse should be planted in clumps varying is size from 5 to 10m in diameter. Planting at a 1m spacing this will require 20 plants for a 5m diameter clump and 78 plants for a 10m diameter clump. The total number of plants required for 0.44ha is 4,400. Plants should be planted with a biodegradable spiral guard supported by a bamboo cane.

Once the gorse scrub and wildflower grassland is established at Tarnside the area should be lightly grazed, ideally with cattle.

In addition to this common reed *Phragmites australis* is to be planted into the wet grassland surrounding the areas of open water to extend the reedbed that is already present. Approximately 5,000 reed plugs will be required to create 0.27ha of reedbed.

In addition to this off-site habitat creation, it is proposed that the central area of public open space within the development site is seeded with a herb-rich grassland mix containing native wildflowers which will persist if closely mown. Such species include ribwort plantain *Plantago lanceolata*, yarrow *Achillea millefolium*, bird's-foot trefoil *Lotus corniculatus*, common sorrel *Rumex acetosa* and common cat's-ear *Hypochaeris radicata*. These can be sown within a grass mix of crested dog's-tail stail *Cynosurus cristatus*, red fescue *Festuca rubra*, smooth meadow-grass *Poa pratensis* and common bent *Agrostis capillaris*.



6 27 March 2024

The success of planting of trees and shrubs should be monitored on an annual basis for the first five years and every five years from then on. Planting failures should be replaced at least once during the first five years.

The maps below shows the areas to be planted with scrub and wildflower plugs/seeded.

## 5. Photographs



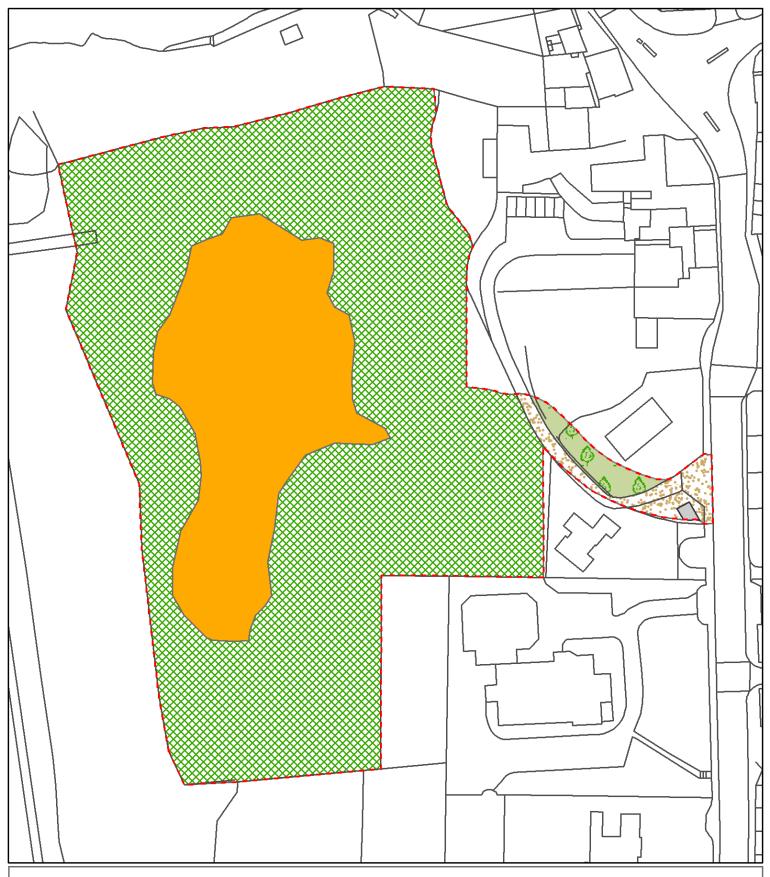
Photo 1 Proposed habitat creation and enhancement area at Tarnside Caravan Park



Photo 2 Proposed habitat creation and enhancement area at Tarnside Caravan Park



27 March 2024



# Hensingham House Phase 3 Map 1 Existing Habitats



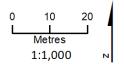
Bramble scrub

Developed land sealed surface

Developed land unsealed surface

Garden

Other neutral grassland



Drawn by R Jerram 9 May 2023



4 Bankfield, Kendal LA9 5DR Tel: 01539 726618 rigby@jerramecology.co.uk www.jerramecology.co.uk

Base mapping © Ordnance Survey Copyright 2024. All rights reserved. License number 100022432





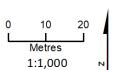
Boundary

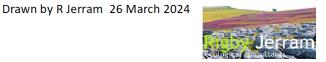
Houses & Road (developed land, sealed surface)

Vegetated garden

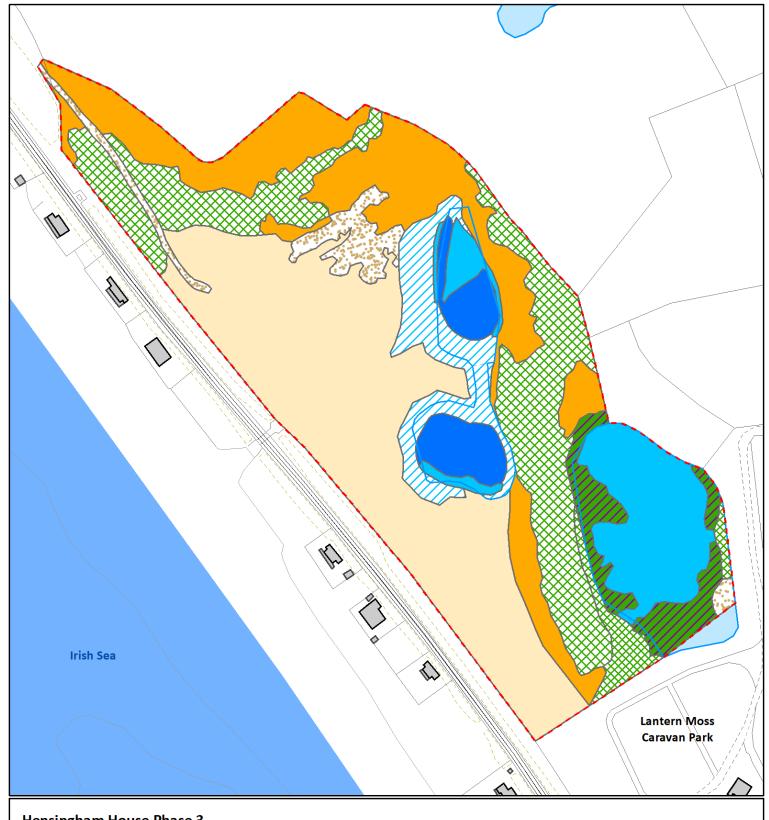
Bramble scrub

Other Neutral Grassland





4 Bankfield, Kendal LA9 5DR Tel: 01539 726618 rigby@jerramecology.co.uk www.jerramecology.co.uk



# Hensingham House Phase 3 Map 3 Tarnside Caravan Park Existing Habitats

Site boundary

Gorse scrub

Wet other neutral grassland

Modified grassland

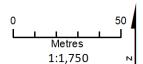
Reedbed

Bramble scrub

Pond

Other neutral grassland

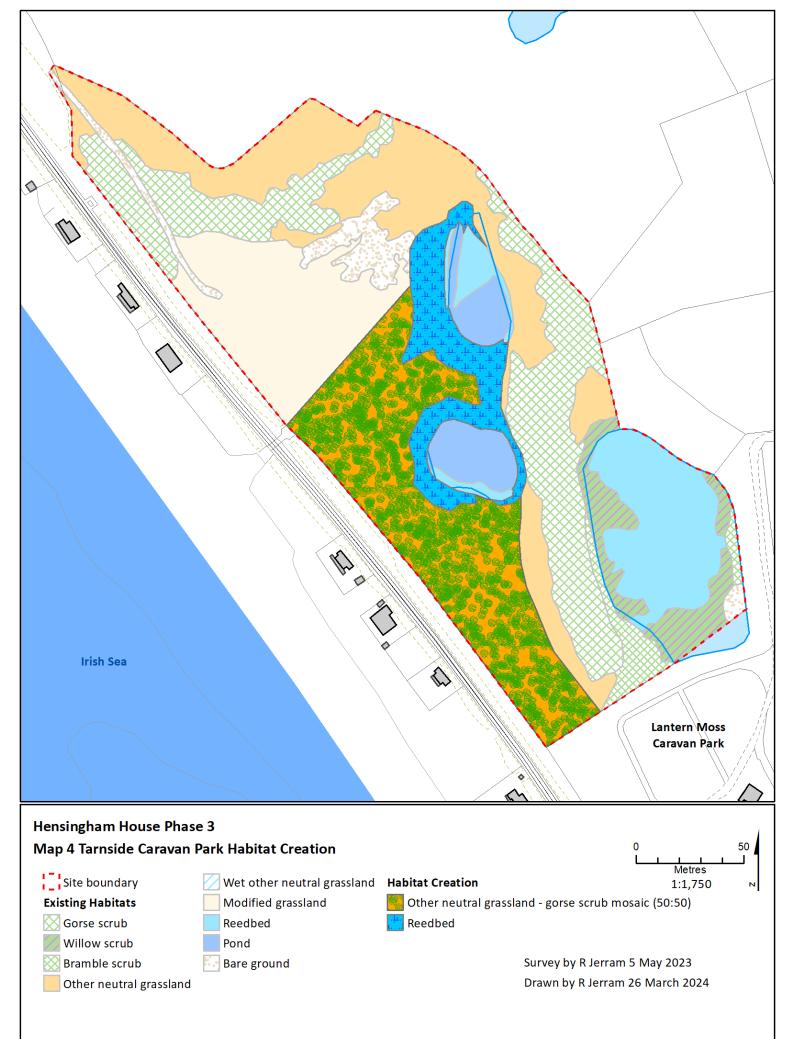
Bare ground



Survey by R Jerram 5 May 2023 Drawn by R Jerram 26 March 2024



4 Bankfield, Kendal LA9 5DR Tel: 01539 726618 email: rigby@jerramecology.co.uk www.jerramecology.co.uk



Jerram w

4 Bankfield, Kendal LA9 5DR Tel: 01539 726618 email: rigby@jerramecology.co.uk www.jerramecology.co.uk