## CUMBERLAND COUNCIL CONSULTATION RESPONSE

**Proposal**: Variation of conditions 2 (alter elevation to include two windows for fire/smoke vent) and 3 (bat roost mitigation) of planning approval 4/23/2135/0F1 conversion of barn to form additional letting bedrooms associated with Sella Park Hotel

Address: Barn adj. Sella Grange, Sella Park Hotel, Calder Bridge

Reference: 4/24/2091/0B1

**Date**: 09/04/24

**Description**: Red sandstone barn of two stories, located adjacent to the road fronting Sella Park. It is divided from the hotel via a characterful sandstone wall, which forms the boundary of the listed building's curtilage, although the barn itself is considered outside the curtilage.

**Conclusion: No objection** 

## **Assessment:**

- An application has been made to vary conditions 2 and 3 on the prior planning approval, as outlined above.
- Physically, this some internal layout changes, and externally, the removal of one rooflight on the West elevation and removal of another, and the addition of two small windows in the elevation.
- I would view these changes as having a negligible impact on the significance of the building, and to be justified in making the building regulation compliant.

## **Relevant Policies and Guidance:**

The Planning (Listed Buildings and Conservation Areas) Act 1990 establishes a need "in considering whether to grant listed building consent for any works [for the Local Planning Authority to] have special regard to the desirability of preserving the building or its setting or any features of special architectural or historic interest" [Section 16(2)]. This requirement also applies to the granting of planning permission affecting a listing building or its setting [Section 66(1)].

Paragraph 134 of the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) asserts that "Development that is not well designed should be refused".

NPPF para. 197 states that "In determining applications, local planning authorities should take account of the desirability of sustaining and enhancing the significance of heritage assets and putting them to viable uses consistent with their conservation..."

NPPF para. 199 states, in the case of designated heritage assets, "great weight should be given to the asset's conservation", irrespective of whether potential harm is substantial, less-than-substantial, or total loss. Where harm to a designated heritage asset is less-than-substantial, it should be weighed against the public benefits of the proposal (para. 202).

Paragraph 203 of the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) states the effect on the significance of a non-designated heritage asset should be taken into account when making decisions.

Opportunities should be sought for new development within conservation areas and the settings of heritage assets that enhances or better reveals their significance. (para. 206)

The former Copeland Borough Council's Local Plan contains a number of relevant policies:

- Local Plan Policy ST1C(ii) highlights the importance of protecting, enhancing and restoring the Borough's cultural and heritage features and their settings.
- ST1D emphases the council's commitment to creating and retaining quality places.
- ENV4A stresses the importance of protecting listed buildings, conservation areas and other features considered to be of historic, archaeological or cultural value.
- ENV4B outlines support for heritage-led regeneration, ensuring assets are put to appropriate, viable and sustainable uses.
- DM10 emphasises the need for high quality design and quality places. Part B requires design
  to respond to local character at multiple scales, paying attention to plot size and
  arrangement, massing and scale, interstitial spaces, and materials. Part C requires the
  incorporation of existing features such as landscape and vernacular style.
- DM15A Part D outlines the need, in converting a rural building to residential use, for the
  proposal to preserve the essential character of the building and its surroundings. In this
  regard, existing features of interest and external facing materials should be retained.
- DM27A outlines support in principle for developments that "protect, conserve and where possible enhance the historic, cultural and architectural character of the borough's historic sites and their settings".
- DM27D highlights the necessity of avoiding disrespectful alterations, substantial demolition, adverse effects on setting or views, or changes of use that harm the conservation or economic viability of a listed building.

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