CUMBERLAND COUNCIL CONSULTATION RESPONSE

Proposal:

Address: Royal Oak, Beckermet

Reference: 4/23/2287/0F1

Date: 01/11/23

Description: The Royal Oak is a pub and inn consisting of two adjacent buildings within Beckermet conservation area.

Conclusion: Request further information

Assessment:

- I have no objection to the principle of the proposal, as the two buildings would appear to suit conversion to dwellings.
- Externally, little change is proposed other than the addition of a new pair of gates between the two buildings. I would consider these to be preferable in appearance to parked cars, but it's not clear from the documents if they are solid e.g. timber, or whether they are steel.
 - Clarity should be provided on the design of the gates, with consideration being given both to their ability to hide cars, and to the appearance of the conservation area.
- I note that the application form lists the external finishes, existing and proposed, as being brick when the building is obviously rendered and is presumably red sandstone beneath. Render is shown on the drawings, but the application form should be corrected to match.
- I note that the hotel building has a circular indented feature on the front, between the two signs. The heritage section of the statement included does not mention this (being boilerplate rather than a heritage assessment), so I'd be grateful for common on this. What is it, what function does it serve, and what contribution does it make to significance? It is not shown on the existing or proposed drawings.

Relevant Policies and Guidance:

The Planning (Listed Buildings and Conservation Areas) Act 1990 establishes a need "in considering whether to grant listed building consent for any works [for the Local Planning Authority to] have special regard to the desirability of preserving the building or its setting or any features of special architectural or historic interest" [Section 16(2)]. This requirement also applies to the granting of planning permission affecting a listing building or its setting [Section 66(1)].

Section 72 of the 1990 Act states that "special attention shall be paid to the desirability of preserving or enhancing the character or appearance of [a conservation] area."

Paragraph 134 of the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) asserts that "Development that is not well designed should be refused".

NPPF para. 197 states that "In determining applications, local planning authorities should take account of the desirability of sustaining and enhancing the significance of heritage assets and putting them to viable uses consistent with their conservation..."

NPPF para. 199 states, in the case of designated heritage assets, "great weight should be given to the asset's conservation", irrespective of whether potential harm is substantial, less-than-substantial, or total loss. Where harm to a designated heritage asset is less-than-substantial, it should be weighed against the public benefits of the proposal (para. 202).

Paragraph 203 of the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) states the effect on the significance of a non-designated heritage asset should be taken into account when making decisions.

Opportunities should be sought for new development within conservation areas and the settings of heritage assets that enhances or better reveals their significance. (para. 206)

Referring to assets in a conservation area, NPPF para. 207 states that loss of an element that makes a positive contribution to a conservation area should be treated as either substantial (under para. 201) or less-than-substantial harm (under paragraph 202).

The former Copeland Borough Council's Local Plan contains a number of relevant policies:

- Local Plan Policy ST1C(ii) highlights the importance of protecting, enhancing and restoring the Borough's cultural and heritage features and their settings.
- ST1D emphases the council's commitment to creating and retaining quality places.
- ENV4A stresses the importance of protecting listed buildings, conservation areas and other features considered to be of historic, archaeological or cultural value.
- ENV4B outlines support for heritage-led regeneration, ensuring assets are put to appropriate, viable and sustainable uses.
- ENV4C aims to strengthen the distinctive character of settlements through high quality urban design and architecture that respect character and setting.
- DM10 emphasises the need for high quality design and quality places. Part B requires design to respond to local character at multiple scales, paying attention to plot size and arrangement, massing and scale, interstitial spaces, and materials. Part C requires the incorporation of existing features such as landscape and vernacular style.
- DM13D outlines the need, in converting non-residential buildings within settlement limits, or in subdividing large residential buildings within settlement limits, for conversion works to conserve the character of the building.
- DM15A Part D outlines the need, in converting a rural building to residential use, for the
 proposal to preserve the essential character of the building and its surroundings. In this
 regard, existing features of interest and external facing materials should be retained.
- DM27A outlines support in principle for developments that "protect, conserve and where possible enhance the historic, cultural and architectural character of the borough's historic sites and their settings".
- DM27B: "Development proposals which have a significant adverse effect on a Scheduled Ancient Monument or its wider site or setting will not be permitted".

- DM27C outlines the restriction in principle of development within conservation areas to that which preserves or enhances the character or appearance of the area.
- DM27D highlights the necessity of avoiding disrespectful alterations, substantial demolition, adverse effects on setting or views, or changes of use that harm the conservation or economic viability of a listed building.

The Conservation Area Design Guide is a supplementary planning document adopted in 2017 that is a material consideration in the determination of planning applications within conservation areas in the legacy Copeland area. It is therefore applicable to this application.

Sammy Woodford

Conservation and Design Officer