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TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1990 (AS AMENDED). NOTICE OF GRANT OF PLANNING PERMISSION

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APPLICATION No: 4/25/2334/0F1

THE INSTALLATION OF A NEW PEDESTRIAN ACCESS AND THE CONSTRUCTION OF A NEW BANDSTAND WITH ASSOCIATED HARD AND SOFT LANDSCAPING TO PALLADIUM GARDENS IN MILLOM

PALLADIUM GARDENS, ST GEORGES ROAD, MILLOM

Millom Town Council

The above application dated 03/10/2025 has been considered by the Council in pursuance of its powers under the above mentioned Act and PLANNING PERMISSION HAS BEEN GRANTED subject to the following conditions:

1. The development hereby permitted shall be commenced before the expiration of three years from the date of this permission.

Reason

To comply with Section 91 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 as amended by the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004.

2. Permission shall relate to the following plans and documents as received on

the respective dates and development shall be carried out in accordance with them: -

- Application Form, received 3rd October 2025;
- Site Location/Block Plan scale 1:1250/500, drawing 25-29-P-L, received 3rd October 2025;
- Proposed Site Plan, scald 1:250, drawing 25-29-P-01, received 3rd October 2025:
- Proposed Bandstand details 1:15, drawing 27779-02, received 3rd October 2025:
- Design, Access & Heritage Statement, received 3rd October 2025;
- BNG Assessment, Report 1025/1, received 3rd October 2025;
- BNG Metric, received 3rd October 2025;
- Landscape Design Plan, scale 1:100, drawing PA01 received 3rd October 2025.

Reason

To conform with the requirement of Section 91 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990, as amended by the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004.

3. No development hereby permitted shall commence until a Habitat Management and Monitoring Plan has been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority.

Reason

In the interests of ensuring measurable net gains to biodiversity and in accordance with the provision of Strategic Policy N3 of the Copeland Local Plan 2021-2039, the National Planning Policy Framework and The Environment Act 2021.

4. The development hereby approved shall not be brought into use until the habitat creation and habitat enhancement works detailed in the Habitat Management and Monitoring Plan secured by Planning Condition 3 have been completed in accordance with the approved details.

Reason

In the interests of ensuring measurable net gains to biodiversity and in accordance with the provision of Strategic Policy N3 of the Copeland Local Plan 2021-2039, the National Planning Policy Framework and The Environment Act 2021.

5. All hard and soft landscape works shall be carried out in accordance with the Landscape Design Plan, scale 1:100, drawing PA01 received by The Local Planning Authority on 3rd October 2025. The works shall be carried out in the first planting season following substantial completion of the development. Any trees / shrubs which are removed, die, become severely damaged or diseased within five years of their planting shall be replaced in the next planting season with trees / shrubs of similar size and species to those originally required to be planted.

Reason

To safeguard and enhance the character of the area and secure high quality landscaping in accordance with the provisions of Policy DS5 and Strategic Policy N6 of the Copeland Local Plan 2021-2039.

Informative Notes

Biodiversity Net Gain – Applicable

The effect of paragraph 13 of Schedule 7A to the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 is that planning permission granted for the development of land in England is deemed to have been granted subject to the condition "(the biodiversity gain condition") that development may not begin unless:

- a) a Biodiversity Gain Plan has been submitted to the planning authority demonstrating a 10% net gain,
- b) the planning authority has approved the plan in writing,
- c) the onsite habitat provision is accompanied by a Habitat Management and Monitoring Plan in place for 30 years as the gains here constitute 'Significant On-site Gains', this monitoring plan is to be accepted by the council and,
- d) Monitoring results are to be programmed to be submitted to the council. These should include evidence demonstrating how BNG is progressing towards achieving its objectives, evidence of arrangements and any rectifying measures needed. The development shall be carried out in accordance with the approved plans.

Based on the information available this permission is considered to be one which will require the approval of a biodiversity gain plan before development is begun because none of the statutory exemptions or transitional arrangements are considered to apply.

Before commencing development, a Biodiversity Gain Plan needs to be submitted and approved by the local planning authority.

Commencing development which is subject to the biodiversity gain condition without an approved Biodiversity Gain Plan could result in enforcement action for breach of planning control.

The template for the preparation of a Biodiversity Gain Plan can be accessed via this link: https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/biodiversity-gain-plan

Statement

The Local Planning Authority has acted positively and proactively in determining this application by assessing the proposal against, primarily, the development plan policies, any duties applicable and also all material considerations, including Local Plan policy, the National Planning Policy Framework and any stakeholder representations that may have been received. In this context, having identified matters of concern with the application as originally submitted and, if applicable, following negotiations with the applicant, acceptable amendments and solutions to the proposal have been received. As a result, the Local Planning Authority has been able to grant planning permission for an acceptable proposal

Please read the accompanying notice

Nick Hayhurst Head of Planning and Place Thriving Places

28th November 2025

APPROVALS (OUTLINE, FULL RESERVED MATTERS & HOUSEHOLDER)

TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING (DEVELOPMENT MANAGEMENT PROCEDURE) (ENGLAND) ORDER 2015

PART 2

TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1990

Appeals to the Secretary of State

- If you are aggrieved by the decision of your local planning authority to refuse permission for the proposed development or to grant it subject to conditions, then you can appeal to the Secretary of State under section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.
- If you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision then you must do so within 6 months of the date of this notice.
- Appeals can be made online at: https://www.gov.uk/appeal-planning-decision.
 If you are unable to access the online appeal form, please contact the Planning Inspectorate to obtain a paper copy of the appeal form on tel: 0303 444 5000.
- The Secretary of State can allow a longer period for giving notice of an appeal but will not normally be prepared to use this power unless there are special circumstances which excuse the delay in giving notice of appeal.
- The Secretary of State need not consider an appeal if it seems to the Secretary of State that the local planning authority could not have granted planning permission for the proposed development or could not have granted it without the conditions they imposed, having regard to the statutory requirements, to the provisions of any development order and to any directions given under a development order.
- If you intend to submit an appeal that you would like examined by inquiry then
 you must notify the Local Planning Authority and Planning Inspectorate
 (inquiryappeals@planninginspectorate.gov.uk) at least 10 days before
 submitting the appeal. <u>Further details are on GOV.UK</u>.

Purchase Notices

- If either the Local Planning Authority or the Secretary of State refuses
 permission to develop land or grants it subject to conditions, the owner may
 claim that he can neither put the land to a reasonably beneficial use in its
 existing state nor render the land capable of a reasonably beneficial use by
 the carrying out of any development which has been or would be permitted.
- In these circumstances, the owner may serve a purchase notice on the Council (District Council, London Borough Council or Common Council of the City of London) in whose area the land is situated. This notice will require the Council to purchase his interest in the land in accordance with the provisions of Part V1 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.