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TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1990 (AS AMENDED). NOTICE OF GRANT OF PLANNING PERMISSION

Pulmann Associates Bridge House 18A Bridge Street Milnrow Rochdale OL16 3ND

APPLICATION No: 4/25/2183/0F1

PROPOSED INTRODUCTION OF FOUR ELECTRIC VEHICLE CHARGING BAYS (2 CHARGERS) AND ASSOCIATED EXTERNAL WORKS WHARTONS GARAGE, 1 DUKE STREET, MILLOM

Mr Tony Barrow

The above application dated 30/05/2025 has been considered by the Council in pursuance of its powers under the above mentioned Act and PLANNING PERMISSION HAS BEEN GRANTED subject to the following conditions:

Standard Conditions

1. The development hereby permitted must be commenced before the expiration of three years from the date of this permission.

Reason

To comply with Section 91 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 as amended by the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004.

2. Permission must relate to the following plans and documents as received on the respective dates and development must be carried out in accordance with

them:

- Application Form, received by the Local Planning Authority on the 30th May 2025.
- Location Plan, Scale 1:1250, Drawing No: M24/023/100, received by the Local Planning Authority on the 30th May 2025.
- Existing Site Plan, Scale 1:100, Drawing No: M24-023-101, received by the Local Planning Authority on the 30th May 2025.
- Proposed Site Plan, Scale 1:100, Drawing No: M24-023-102, received by the Local Planning Authority on the 30th May 2025.
- Existing/Proposed Elevations, Scale 1:50, Drawing No: M24-023-103, received by the Local Planning Authority on the 30th May 2025.
- Email from Agent (Response to Environmental Health), Scale 1:100, Drawing No: M24-023-101, received by the Local Planning Authority on the 24th June 2025.
- Design and Access Statement (Amened), received by the Local Planning Authority on the 10th July 2025.

Reason

To conform with the requirement of Section 91 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990, as amended by the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004.

Other Conditions:

3. In the event that contamination is found at any time when carrying out the approved development that was not previously identified it must be reported in writing immediately to the Local Planning Authority. An investigation and risk assessment must be undertaken and, where remediation is necessary, a remediation scheme must be prepared and be submitted and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority.

Following completion of measures identified in the approved remediation scheme, a verification report must be prepared which is subject to the approval in writing of the Local Planning Authority.

Reason

To ensure that risks from land contamination to the future users of the land and neighbouring land are minimised, together with those to controlled waters, property and ecological systems, and to ensure that the development can be carried out safely without unacceptable risks to workers, neighbours and other off site receptors.

4. Artificial lighting to the development must conform to requirements to meet the Obtrusive Light Limitations for Exterior Lighting Installations for environmental zone E3 contained within The Institute of Light Engineers Guidance Note GN01/21 (dated 2021) for The Reduction of Obtrusive Light.

Reason

In order to safeguard the amenities of nearby residential occupiers in accordance with Policy DS4 of the Copeland Local Plan 2021 – 2039.

Informative

Biodiversity Net Gain – Not Applicable

The effect of paragraph 13 of Schedule 7A to the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 is that planning permission granted for the development of land in England is deemed to have been granted subject to the condition "(the biodiversity gain condition") that development may not begin unless:

(a) a Biodiversity Gain Plan has been submitted to the local planning authority, and (b) the local planning authority has approved the plan. The planning authority, for the purposes of the Biodiversity Gain Plan is Cumberland Council.

Based on the information available this permission is considered to be one which will not require the approval of a biodiversity gain plan before development is begun because one or more of the statutory exemptions or transitional arrangements is/are considered to apply.

Applicable exemptions: Development subject to the de minimis exemption.

Statement:

The Local Planning Authority has acted positively and proactively in determining this application by assessing the proposal against all material considerations, including planning policies and any representations that may have been received, and subsequently determining to grant planning permission in accordance with the presumption in favour of sustainable development as set out in the National Planning Policy Framework.

Please read the accompanying notice

Nick Hayhurst Head of Planning and Place Thriving Places

28th July 2025

APPROVALS (OUTLINE, FULL RESERVED MATTERS & HOUSEHOLDER)

TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING (DEVELOPMENT MANAGEMENT PROCEDURE) (ENGLAND) ORDER 2015

PART 2

TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1990

Appeals to the Secretary of State

- If you are aggrieved by the decision of your local planning authority to refuse permission for the proposed development or to grant it subject to conditions, then you can appeal to the Secretary of State under section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.
- If you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision then you must do so within 6 months of the date of this notice.
- Appeals can be made online at: https://www.gov.uk/appeal-planning-decision.
 If you are unable to access the online appeal form, please contact the Planning Inspectorate to obtain a paper copy of the appeal form on tel: 0303 444 5000.
- The Secretary of State can allow a longer period for giving notice of an appeal but will not normally be prepared to use this power unless there are special circumstances which excuse the delay in giving notice of appeal.
- The Secretary of State need not consider an appeal if it seems to the Secretary of State that the local planning authority could not have granted planning permission for the proposed development or could not have granted it without the conditions they imposed, having regard to the statutory requirements, to the provisions of any development order and to any directions given under a development order.
- If you intend to submit an appeal that you would like examined by inquiry then
 you must notify the Local Planning Authority and Planning Inspectorate
 (inquiryappeals@planninginspectorate.gov.uk) at least 10 days before
 submitting the appeal. <u>Further details are on GOV.UK</u>.

Purchase Notices

- If either the Local Planning Authority or the Secretary of State refuses
 permission to develop land or grants it subject to conditions, the owner may
 claim that he can neither put the land to a reasonably beneficial use in its
 existing state nor render the land capable of a reasonably beneficial use by
 the carrying out of any development which has been or would be permitted.
- In these circumstances, the owner may serve a purchase notice on the Council (District Council, London Borough Council or Common Council of the City of London) in whose area the land is situated. This notice will require the Council to purchase his interest in the land in accordance with the provisions of Part V1 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.