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TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1990 (AS AMENDED).

**NOTICE OF GRANT OF PLANNING PERMISSION**

Green Swallow North Ltd  
Swallow Barn  
Blindcrake  
CA13 0QP  
FAO: Mr Stuart Woodall

**APPLICATION No: 4/25/2163/0F1**

**ERECTION OF A FARM BUILDING  
FLEMING HALL, GOSFORTH**

**Mr Richardson**

The above application dated 14/05/2025 has been considered by the Council in pursuance of its powers under the above mentioned Act and PLANNING PERMISSION HAS BEEN GRANTED subject to the following conditions:

1. The development hereby permitted must commence before the expiration of three years from the date of this permission.

Reason

To comply with Section 91 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 as amended by the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004.

2. This permission relates to the following plans and documents received on the respective dates and development must be carried out in accordance with them:
  - Application Form, received 14th May 2025
  - Site Location Plan, scale 1:1250, received 14th May 2025
  - Block Plan, scale 1:500, received 14th May 2025

- Proposed Elevations, DWG No: 10, scale 1:100, received 14th May 2025

#### Reason

To conform with the requirement of Section 91 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990, as amended by the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004.

3. No development shall commence until a Biodiversity Management and Monitoring Plan to ensure that there is a minimum 10% net gain in biodiversity within a 30 year period as a result of the development has been submitted to and agreed in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The Biodiversity Management and Monitoring Plan shall include 30 year objectives, management responsibilities, maintenance schedules and a methodology to ensure the submission of monitoring reports. Monitoring reports will be submitted to the Council during years 2, 5, 7, 10, 20 and 30 from commencement of development unless otherwise stated in the Biodiversity Management and Monitoring Plan, demonstrating how the BNG is progressing towards achieving its objectives, evidence of arrangements and any rectifying measures needed.

#### Reason

To ensure the development delivers a biodiversity net gain on site in accordance with Schedule 7A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

### **Informatives Notes**

#### **Biodiversity Net Gain – Biodiversity Plan Required**

The effect of paragraph 13 of Schedule 7A to the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 is that planning permission granted for the development of land in England is deemed to have been granted subject to the condition ('the biodiversity gain condition') that development may not begin unless:

- (a) a Biodiversity Gain Plan has been submitted to the local planning authority, and
- (b) the local planning authority has approved the plan.

The planning authority, for the purposes of the Biodiversity Gain Plan is Cumberland Council.

Based on the information available this permission is considered to be one which will require the approval of a biodiversity gain plan before development is begun because none of the statutory exemptions or transitional arrangements are considered to apply.

Before commencing development, a Biodiversity Gain Plan needs to be submitted and approved by the local planning authority.

Commencing development which is subject to the biodiversity gain condition without an approved Biodiversity Gain Plan could result in enforcement action for breach of planning control.

### **Detailed Emergency Planning Zone (DEPZ).**

It should be noted that the location of the property is situated within an area outside the site which, in liaison with Sellafield Ltd and the Office for Nuclear Regulation, special arrangements are made for residents/business premises, this area is referred to as the Detailed Emergency Planning Zone (DEPZ). As a direct result particular attention is paid to ensuring that people are aware of the appropriate action to take in the event of an incident at the Sellafield site.

The applicant be reminded that liaising with the Council's Joint Emergency and Resilience Team is of importance to ensure that the applicant and their trades people/contractors are aware of the appropriate information and actions to take should there be an incident at the Sellafield site.

### **Public Right of Way**


The granting of planning permission does not give the right to obstruct, close or divert Public Rights of Way BW 409039 & FP 409011.

The Public Rights of Way must be kept open and unaltered for public use until an order made to divert, stop up or to temporarily close it has been confirmed.

### **Statement**

The Local Planning Authority has acted positively and proactively in determining this application by assessing the proposal against all material considerations, including planning policies and any representations that may have been received, and subsequently determining to grant planning permission in accordance with the presumption in favour of sustainable development as set out in the National Planning Policy Framework.

Please read the accompanying notice



Nick Hayhurst  
Head of Planning and Place  
Thriving Places

07th August 2025

**APPROVALS  
(OUTLINE, FULL RESERVED MATTERS & HOUSEHOLDER)**

**TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING (DEVELOPMENT MANAGEMENT  
PROCEDURE) (ENGLAND) ORDER 2015**

**PART 2**

**TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1990**

**Appeals to the Secretary of State**

- If you are aggrieved by the decision of your local planning authority to refuse permission for the proposed development or to grant it subject to conditions, then you can appeal to the Secretary of State under section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.
- If you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision then you must do so within 6 months of the date of this notice.
- Appeals can be made online at: <https://www.gov.uk/appeal-planning-decision> . If you are unable to access the online appeal form, please contact the Planning Inspectorate to obtain a paper copy of the appeal form on tel: 0303 444 5000.
- The Secretary of State can allow a longer period for giving notice of an appeal but will not normally be prepared to use this power unless there are special circumstances which excuse the delay in giving notice of appeal.
- The Secretary of State need not consider an appeal if it seems to the Secretary of State that the local planning authority could not have granted planning permission for the proposed development or could not have granted it without the conditions they imposed, having regard to the statutory requirements, to the provisions of any development order and to any directions given under a development order.
- If you intend to submit an appeal that you would like examined by inquiry then you must notify the Local Planning Authority and Planning Inspectorate ([inquiryappeals@planninginspectorate.gov.uk](mailto:inquiryappeals@planninginspectorate.gov.uk)) at least 10 days before submitting the appeal. [Further details are on GOV.UK.](#)

**Purchase Notices**

- If either the Local Planning Authority or the Secretary of State refuses permission to develop land or grants it subject to conditions, the owner may claim that he can neither put the land to a reasonably beneficial use in its existing state nor render the land capable of a reasonably beneficial use by the carrying out of any development which has been or would be permitted.
- In these circumstances, the owner may serve a purchase notice on the Council (District Council, London Borough Council or Common Council of the City of London) in whose area the land is situated. This notice will require the Council to purchase his interest in the land in accordance with the provisions of Part V1 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.