Louise White
Copeland Borough Council
Development Control
The Copeland Centre Catherine Street

Whitehaven Cumbria CA28 7SJ Our ref: NO/2025/116648/01-L01

**Your ref:** 4/25/2073/0F1

**Date:** 24 March 2025

Dear Louise,

### PROPOSED CONVERSION AND EXTENSION OF EXISTING GARAGE TO ANNEX.

## HIGH WATH, CLEATOR, CA23 3AE

Thank you for consulting us on the above application, received 5 March 2025.

# **Environment Agency position**

We have no objections to the development as proposed, however we do wish to make the following comments:-

## Flood Risk

The red-edge boundary of the planning application includes an area that is located within Flood Zone 3, which is land defined by the planning practice guidance as having a high probability of flooding. The National Planning Policy Framework (paragraph 167, footnote 55) states that an FRA must be submitted when development is proposed in such locations.

While the application boundary falls within Flood Zone 3, the proposed development is wholly within Flood Zone 1, which is land defined as having a low probability of flooding. As no development is proposed within Flood Zone 3, and given the scale and nature of the proposed development, we have no concerns in regard to flood risk in so far as it relates to our remit.

The risk of flooding from other sources has not been considered. It will be for the Local Planning Authority to decide whether or not the application should be supported by a FRA to consider the risk of flooding from other sources in this instance.

#### Foul Drainage

Environment Agency
Lutra House Walton Summit, Bamber Bridge, Preston, PR5 8BX.
Customer services line: 03708 506 506
www.gov.uk/environment-agency
Cont/d..

Government guidance contained within the national Planning Practice Guidance (Water supply, wastewater and water quality – considerations for planning applications, paragraph 020) sets out a hierarchy of drainage options that must be considered and discounted in the following order:

- 1. Connection to the public sewer
- 2. Package sewage treatment plant (adopted in due course by the sewerage company or owned and operated under a new appointment or variation)
- 3. Septic Tank

Foul drainage should be connected to the main sewer. Where this is not possible, under the Environmental Permitting Regulations 2010 any discharge of sewage or trade effluent made to either surface water or groundwater will need to be registered as an exempt discharge activity or hold a permit issued by the Environment Agency, addition to planning permission. This applies to any discharge to inland freshwaters, coastal waters or relevant territorial waters.

Please note that the granting of planning permission does not guarantee the granting of an Environmental Permit. Upon receipt of a correctly filled in application form we will carry out an assessment. It can take up to 4 months before we are in a position to decide whether to grant a permit or not.

Domestic effluent discharged from a treatment plant/septic tank at 2 cubic metres or less to ground or 5 cubic metres or less to surface water in any 24 hour period must comply with General Binding Rules provided that no public foul sewer is available to serve the development and that the site is not within an inner Groundwater Source Protection Zone.

A soakaway used to serve a non-mains drainage system must be sited no less than 10 metres from the nearest watercourse, not less than 10 metres from any other foul soakaway and not less than 50 metres from the nearest potable water supply. Where the proposed development involves the connection of foul drainage to an existing non-mains drainage system, the applicant should ensure that it is in a good state of repair, regularly de-sludged and of sufficient capacity to deal with any potential increase in flow and loading which may occur as a result of the development.

Where the existing non-mains drainage system is covered by a permit to discharge then an application to vary the permit will need to be made to reflect any increase in volume being discharged. It can take up to 13 weeks before we decide whether to vary a permit.

Further advice is available at:

Septic tanks and treatment plants: permits and general binding rules

Yours sincerely

Miss Soraya Moghaddam Planning Advisor

Direct e-mail clplanning@environment-agency.gov.uk

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