

Cumberland Council
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TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1990 (AS AMENDED).

NOTICE OF GRANT OF PLANNING PERMISSION

Mr Adam Mason 2 Mosswell Terrace Whitehaven CA28 7HH

APPLICATION No: 4/23/2043/0F1

INCREASE IN HEIGHT OF EXISTING SITE BOUNDARY WALL; GATEPOST & THE OPPOSITE POST TO BE DEMOLISHED & A RETURN WALL CONSTRUCTED ON BOTH SIDES WHICH WILL WIDEN ENTRANCE TO DRIVEWAY BRAMBLEA, JAMES PIT ROAD, WHITEHAVEN

Mr Adam Mason

The above application dated 20/02/2023 has been considered by the Council in pursuance of its powers under the above mentioned Act and PLANNING PERMISSION HAS BEEN GRANTED subject to the following conditions:

1. The development hereby permitted must commence before the expiration of three years from the date of this permission.

Reason

To comply with Section 91 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 as amended by the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004.

 This permission relates to the following plans and documents as received on the respective dates and development must be carried out in accordance with them: -

Application Form, received 20th February 2023;

Location Plan, scale 1:1250, received 20th February 2023;

Site Plan, scale 1:200, received 20th February 2023;

Proposed Plans – Floor Plan and North-East Elevation, scale 1:50, page 1, received 20th February 2023;

Proposed Plans – East Elevation, scale 1:50, page 2, received 20th February 2023.

Reason

To conform with the requirement of Section 91 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990, as amended by the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004.

Informative Note

The proposed development lies within an area that has been defined by the Coal Authority as containing coal mining features at surface or shallow depth. These features may include: mine entries (shafts and adits); shallow coal workings; geological features (fissures and break lines); mine gas and former surface mining sites. Although such features are seldom easily visible, they can often be present and problems can occur, particularly as a result of new development taking place. Any form of development over or within the influencing distance of a mine entry can be dangerous and raises significant land stability and public safety risks. As a general precautionary principle, the Coal Authority considers that the building over or within the influencing distance of a mine entry should be avoided. In exceptional circumstances where this is unavoidable, expert advice must be sought to ensure a suitable engineering design which takes into account all the relevant safety and environmental risk factors, including mine gas and mine-water. Your attention is drawn to the Coal Authority Policy in relation to new development and mine entries available at:

<u>www.gov.uk/government/publications/building-on-or-within-the-influencing-distance-of-mine-entries</u>

Any intrusive activities which disturb or enter any seams, coal mine workings or coal mine entries (shafts and adits) require a Coal Authority Permit. Such activities include site investigation boreholes, excavations for foundations, piling activities, other ground works and any subsequent treatment of coal mine workings and coal mine entries for ground stability purposes. Failure to obtain a Coal Authority Permit for such activities is trespass, with the potential for court action.

If any coal mining feature are unexpectedly encountered during development, this should be reported immediately to the Coal Authority on 0345 762 6848. Further information is also available on the Coal Authority website at: www.gov.uk/government/organisations/the-coal-authority

Statement

The Local Planning Authority has acted positively and proactively in determining this application by assessing the proposal against all material considerations, including planning policies and any representations that may have been received, and subsequently determining to grant planning permission in accordance with the presumption in favour of sustainable development as set out in the National Planning Policy Framework.

Please read the accompanying notice

Jane Meek

Assistant Director

Jane E Teek

Thriving Place and Investment

17th April 2023

APPROVALS (OUTLINE, FULL RESERVED MATTERS & HOUSEHOLDER)

TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING (DEVELOPMENT MANAGEMENT PROCEDURE) (ENGLAND) ORDER 2015

PART 2

TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1990

Appeals to the Secretary of State

- If you are aggrieved by the decision of your local planning authority to refuse permission for the proposed development or to grant it subject to conditions, then you can appeal to the Secretary of State under section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.
- If you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision then you must do so within 6 months of the date of this notice.
- Appeals can be made online at: https://www.gov.uk/planning-inspectorate.
 If you are unable to access the online appeal form, please contact the Planning Inspectorate to obtain a paper copy of the appeal form on tel: 0303 444 5000.
- The Secretary of State can allow a longer period for giving notice of an appeal but will not normally be prepared to use this power unless there are special circumstances which excuse the delay in giving notice of appeal.
- The Secretary of State need not consider an appeal if it seems to the Secretary of State that the local planning authority could not have granted planning permission for the proposed development or could not have granted it without the conditions they imposed, having regard to the statutory requirements, to the provisions of any development order and to any directions given under a development order.
- If you intend to submit an appeal that you would like examined by inquiry then
 you must notify the Local Planning Authority and Planning Inspectorate
 (inquiryappeals@planninginspectorate.gov.uk) at least 10 days before
 submitting the appeal. <u>Further details are on GOV.UK</u>.

Purchase Notices

- If either the Local Planning Authority or the Secretary of State refuses
 permission to develop land or grants it subject to conditions, the owner may
 claim that he can neither put the land to a reasonably beneficial use in its
 existing state nor render the land capable of a reasonably beneficial use by
 the carrying out of any development which has been or would be permitted.
- In these circumstances, the owner may serve a purchase notice on the Council (District Council, London Borough Council or Common Council of the City of London) in whose area the land is situated. This notice will require the Council to purchase his interest in the land in accordance with the provisions of Part V1 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.